MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2007 question paper

9706 ACCOUNTING

9706/04

Paper 4 (Problem Solving (Supplement)), maximum raw mark 120

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UNIVERSITY of CAMBRIDGE International Examinations

Pa	ige 2				Mark Schen	ne		Sylla	abus	Pape	ər
			GCE /	A/AS	LEVEL – Ma	ay/June 2007	7	97	06	04	
1 (a)					Capital acco	ounts Abcan					
	А		В		С		А	В		С	
Debentures					40 000 (1)	Balances	100 000	70 000		50 000	
Pref sh	28 500	(1)	19 000	(1)	9 500 (1)	Loan				30 000	(1)
Ord sh	65 000	(1)	45 500	(1)	32 500 (1)	Prof on real	18 300	12 200	(5) w1	6 100	
Investments	;		13 400	(1)		Cash		3 200	(1of)	3 700	(1of)
Vehicles	10 000		7 500	(1all) 7800						
Cash	<u>14 800</u> 118 300		85 400		89 800		118 300	85 400		89 800	
						<u>+ 10 000</u> (1) + 240 000 (1		<u>+ 1 100 -</u>	<u>- 400</u> (1)	
	= 36 600	= A	18 300 -	+ B12	200 + C6 10	00 (1)					
					Capital acco	ounts Gurbo					
		G			F	I		G		Н	
Pref sh	21	500	(1 both)	21 500	Balances	5	0 000		45 00	0
Ord sh	45	500	(1both))	45 500) Prof on rea	al 2	0 450 (5) w2	20 45	0
Cash	3	450	(1)			Cash				1 55	60 (1)
	70	450			67 000)	7	0 450		67 00	0
	w2 <u>70 00</u>	0 + 13	<u>3 000 + </u> (1)	<u>5 000</u>		100 less 13 4 1) (1		900 = 2		ach of)	

(b) A 54 000 shares (1) C, G and H 36 000 shares (1) B 18 000 shares (1)

(c) A pays \$5 200 (1) C pays \$14 300, G and H pay \$1 300 each (1)

and B receives \$22 100 (1) all o/f from (b)

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(d) ABCOGH Ltd Balance Sheet at 31 March 2007

	\$	
Premises	270 000	
Machinery	40 000	(4 - 11)
Vehicles	40 000	(1 all)
Stock	14 000	
Goodwill	10 000	(1)
	374 000	
Debentures	40 000	
	334 000	
Ordinary shares	180 000	(2 = 1 for any pair)
Preference shares	100 000	
Share premium	54 000	
	334 000	-

(e) Limited liability

Access to greater sources of finance

Any other sensible reason acceptable

1 mark for identification 1 further mark for development

	Paç	ge 4		/lark Sche _EVEL – N	me lay/June 2007	S	yllabus 9706	Paper 04
2	(a)	Lopez Lt				I		
		Tr	ading and Profit and	Loss Acco	ount for the year er	nded 31 M	larch 2007	
				\$		\$		
		Sales				438 000	(1of)	
		Less	cost of sales					
		Stoc	k	10 000	(1 both stocks)			
		Purc	hases	223 000	(1of)			
				233 000				
		Stoc	k	14 000		219 000	(1)	
		Gross p	rofit			219 000		
		Less	expenses			<u>153 300</u>	(1of)	
		Net prof	fit			65 700	(1of)	
		Divic	lends paid			16 425	(1)	
		Retaine	d profit for the year			49 275	(1)	
	(b)		Balance	e sheet at 3	31 March 2007			
				\$		\$		
		Fixed as	ssets			333 597	(1of)	
		Current	assets					
		Stock		14 000	(1)			
		Debtors	;	33 600	(1of)			
		Bank		<u>11 053</u>	(1of)			
				58 653	(1of)			
		Creditor	"S	<u>19 551</u>	(1of)	39 102		
						<u>372 699</u>		
		Ordinar	y share capital			250 000	(1)	
			nd loss account	. f)		122 699	(2of)	
		(732	424 (1) + 49 275) (1o	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		372 699		

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(c) dividend as percentage of market price of share (1)

how many times the company can cover the dividend (1)

how much each share is paid in dividends (1)

profits attributable to each share (1)

relates the market price to the earnings per share (1)

- (d) Dividend yield 5% (1) Dividend/market price of share (1)
 Dividend cover 4 times (1) Profit available/dividend paid (1)
 Dividend per share 4 cents (1) Dividend/issued shares (1)
 Earnings per share 16 cents (1) Profit/issued shares (1)
 Price earnings ratio 5 (1) Market price per share/EPS (1)
- (e) in all areas with the exception of dividend cover Lopez's investment ratios are inferior to those of the local businesses. (0–3 marks)

dividend cover is higher than the local average (1) it means that Lopez could probably maintain dividends in the future (1)

yield is less than average (1) but should be compared to other alternative investments (1)

much inferior to the local average (1) less than half but this should be related to the market price of each share (1)

the other businesses are earning twice as much per share as Lopez, indicates that Lopez are less successful than the average **(1)**

similar price earnings ratios (1) neither ratios indicate great confidence in this sector (1)

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		GCE A/AS LEVEL – May		9706	04
	(a)				
	A\$ 0.8	m B\$1.1 m			
	1.7	m 0.9 m	in both case	s all 5 correct = 3	3 marks
	(0.9	m) 3.0 m		4 correct = 2	2 marks
	2.1	m 2.0 m		3 correct =	1 mark
	2.5	m 3.7 m			
	(b) Average	profits			
		– depn \$2.5m = \$3.7 m/5 = \$0.74) (1) (1of)	m		
	B\$10 (1 0	7 m – depn \$3.5 m = \$7.2 m/5 = \$ f) (1)	1.44 m (1of)		
	Average	investment			
	A \$2.5 (1)	m + \$0.6 m = \$3.1 m (1) (1of)			
	B \$4 r (1)	n + \$1 m = \$ 5m (1) (1of)			
	Account	ng rate of return A = 0.74/3.1 = 23	3.87% (1of)		
		B = 1.44/5.2 = 28	3.8% (1of)		

Page 7			Mark Schen		Syllabus	Paper
			A/AS LEVEL – Ma	9706	04	
(c) Supe	ermarket	A				
0			(5 000 000)			
1	0.8 m	0.926	740 800	(1)		
2	1.7 m	0.857	1 456 900	(1)		
3	(0.9 m)	0.794	(714 600)	(1) all own figures		
4	2.1 m	0.735	1 543 500	(1)		
5	2.5 m	0.681	1 702 500	(1)		
		I	NPV (270 900)	(1)		
Supe	ermarket	В				
0			(8 000 000)			
1	1 m	0.926	1 018 600 (1	1)		
2	0.9 m	0.857	771 300 (1	1)		
3	3 m	0.794	2 382 000 (1	l) all own figures		
4	2 m	0.735	1 470 000 (1	1)		
5	3.7 m	0.681	2 519 700 (1	1)		
			NPV 161 600 (1	I)		

(d) Supermarket B (1 of) – positive NPV (1) – higher ARR (1)

(e) 8 (1) + $\begin{pmatrix} 6 (1) \times \frac{161\ 600}{2\ 289\ 200} \end{pmatrix} = 8.42\%$ (1)