

#### ISLAMIC STUDIES

9013/22 October/November 2017

Paper 2 MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 100

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2017 series for most Cambridge IGCSE<sup>®</sup>, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

® IGCSE is a registered trademark.

# Section A

Question	Answer	Marks
1	'The main cause of the collapse of the Umayyad dynasty was the weakness of their rulers.' Do you think this is a more likely cause than the strength of the 'Abbasids? Give reasons for your answer.	20
	Basic answers will give a few factual details about events leading up to the downfall of the Umayyads, but will not provide elements of a proper answer. Fuller answers will add further factual details, and will show hints of trying to give an answer. More advanced answers will include discussions about the causes, and will make an attempt to answer the question, with some reasons. The fullest answers will include full discussions, and may suggest that there was a combination of causes.	

Question	Answer	Marks
2	'Umar II is remembered as the most pious of the Umayyad caliphs. Do you think he was the most effective of them?	20
	Basic answers will give descriptive details about 'Umar, but not much more. Fuller answers will give more complete factual details about the caliph and will begin to discuss his reputation for piety. More advanced answers will bring in some comparisons with other caliphs, and begin to assess 'Umar against them. The fullest answers will discuss 'Umar as a symbol of piety, and compare him with other caliphs such as 'Abd al-Malik, arriving at a judgement about his place in the dynasty.	

Question	Answer	Marks
3	How justified is the claim that the early 'Abbasid period up to the end of the death of al-Mutawakkil in 861 was a golden age of Islamic culture?	20
	<ul> <li>Basic answers will give sketchy and incomplete factual details about the 'Abbasids.</li> <li>Fuller answers will give further facts, and will attempt to explain the significance of the early 'Abbasid period.</li> <li>More advanced answers will give a range of descriptive details about the period, and will show signs of agreeing or disagreeing with the claim in the question.</li> <li>The fullest answers will give complete accounts of a range of religious and cultural achievements in the early 'Abbasid period, and will give confident reasons to agree or disagree with the claim in the question.</li> </ul>	

### Section B

Question	Answer	Marks
4	Each of the four founders of the Sunni law schools followed his own particular principles and methods. Choosing two of these founders, describe and explain the main differences between them.	20
	Basic answers will be restricted to a few details about some or all of the four legal scholars. Fuller answers will still be mainly factual, but will try to show the main principles and methods followed by the two chosen scholars. More advanced answers will refer in detail to the principles and methods of the two scholars, and will try to explain how they differ. The fullest answers will contain confident accounts of the two scholars, and will give clear explanations of the differences between their methods.	

Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)	Outline the methods used by any one of the collectors of the six canonical books of Sunni Hadiths in making their collections.	12
	Basic answers will give descriptions of how one or more of the <i>muhaddithun</i> proceeded.	
	Fuller answers will give fuller accounts of the activities of the <i>muhaddith</i> , though still in general terms. More advanced answers will give detailed examples of how the <i>muhaddith</i> proceeded, underlining the care he took in his work. The fullest answers will give a range of methods supported by clear	
	examples, and will convey the impression of knowing why the <i>muhaddith</i> proceeded in this way.	
5(b)	Explain why these collectors thought it important to make their collections.	8
	Basic answers will offer only sketchy suggestions. Fuller answers will give more detailed explanations, outlining the need to have a body of authoritative prophetic traditions. More advanced answers will give explanations that refer to legal needs in particular, and the general need for accurate knowledge of the Prophet's example. The fullest answers will give confident accounts of the importance of Hadiths	
	The fullest answers will give confident accounts of the importance of Hadiths in legal, Qur'an commentary and other contexts, and will underline the necessity of Hadiths traceable to the Prophet.	

Question	Answer	Marks
6	Abu al-Hasan al-Ash'ari is regarded as the great opponent of the Mu'tazili theologians. What were the main points of controversy between him and them?	20
	Basic answers will give some biographical details about al-Ash'ari, and may say something about the Mu'tazila. Fuller answers will still be mainly historical, but will give more details about al-Ash'ari's break with the Mu'tazila. More advanced answers will show signs of identifying the main differences. The fullest answers will give clear accounts of the differences, detailing disagreements over the status of the Qur'an, and the use of reason.	

## Section C

Question	Answer	Marks
7	What are the essential differences between the position of Caliph in Sunni Islam and Imam in Shi'a Islam?	20
	NOTE: There is no scope in this question for judgements about the relative merits of the two positions. Any value judgements should not be credited.	
	Basic answers will do little more than give elementary descriptions of the Sunni-Shi'a split. Fuller answers will begin to describe the office of caliph, and may say something about who the Imams were. More advanced answers will show some grasp of the different nature of authority involved in each office – the caliph is in theory recognised by the people, while the Imam is a descendant of the Prophet. The fullest answers will give complete and rounded explanations of the differences.	

Question	Answer	Marks
8	'Sufism brings a believer closer to God.' Give reasons to agree or disagree with this claim.	20
	Basic answers will give an account of the main elements of Sufism. Fuller answers will give a more accurate account but will not begin to address the question. More advanced answers will show how Sufism brings a person close to God, and will also begin to refer to other means by which Muslims can accomplish this. The fullest answers will give a complete and accurate account of Sufi techniques for achieving <i>fana</i> ', and will examine and evaluate other means, such as complete obedience to <i>shari'ah</i> .	

Question	Answer	Marks
9	Al-Ghazali was an expert in philosophy, yet he rejected it completely. Explain why the majority of Muslims turned away from philosophy ( <i>falsafa</i> ).	20
	Basic answers will give some details about al-Ghazali, and maybe about the rejection of philosophy in Islam. Fuller answers will give further details about al-Ghazali, and will begin to outline the elements in philosophy that are generally thought unacceptable. More advanced answers will give fuller accounts of the main elements in philosophy that appear to contravene Islamic teachings. The fullest answers will give rounded accounts of the main objections to philosophy, and may include al-Ghazali's arguments as examples.	

### Section D

Question	Answer	Marks
10	Do you think that the teachings of Muhammad 'Abduh or Hasan al- Banna' are more suited to the needs of Muslims today?	20
	Basic answers will do little more than give biographical details of one or other of the two scholars. Fuller answers will outline the teachings of the scholars. More advanced answers will show how each scholar addressed problems of modernity, and will begin to compare them. The fullest answers will make thorough comparisons, based on examples from each scholar, and will come to a conclusion about one or the other.	

Question	Answer	Marks
11	How far should Muslims living as minorities in non-Muslim societies be prepared to blend in with these wider societies?	20
	Basic answers will give descriptions of Muslim communities living as minorities. Fuller answers will remain largely descriptive, but will show some awareness of the challenges faced by Muslims in non-Muslim societies. More advanced answers will give accounts of the ways in which Muslims negotiate their way in wider societies, and will begin to discuss the question of what principles should always be maintained. The fullest answers will discuss the issues clearly and confidently, giving examples and coming to a justifiable conclusion.	

Question	Answer	Marks
12	'The Qur'an teaches Muslims everything they need to know about women's rights and responsibilities.' Give reasons to agree or disagree with this statement.	20
	Basic answers will describe a few of the teachings about women in the Qur'an. Fuller answers will remain descriptive, but give more detail about the teachings of the Qur'an. More advanced answers will evaluate whether the teachings of the Qur'an on women give Muslims everything they need to know. The fullest answers will contain well-managed discussions about the question of whether what Muslims need to know about the treatment of women in society is comprehensively covered by what the Qur'an teaches.	