

Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

BUSINESS 9609/22

Paper 2 Data Response

October/November 2018

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 60

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2018 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.



Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit
 is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme,
 referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

© UCLES 2018 Page 2 of 20

Question	Answer						
1(a)(i)	Define the term 'venture capital'.						
	Knowledge						
	A correct definition			2			
	A partial, vague or unfocused de	efinition		1			
	No creditable content			0			
	Content One mark for an understanding the business perspective) or an investance. • Source of finance/investment. One mark for an understanding the not allow 'risk' on its own as all. • Provided for high risk/risky/ris	tment (fro /equity/fun nat this is I investm	om the entrepreneurs per nds risky, or for a risky purpo ents have risk	rspective)			
	Exemplar	Marks	Rationale				
	A source of finance provided to high risk businesses.	2	Both elements				
	Investment into a new business	Both elements					
	The equity into a high growth business Both elements						
	A risky source of finance	2	'Risky' is just enough for risk – don't accept risk	_			
			own				
	An investment with some risk	1	Investment is worth a n but 'some risk' is true o investments				
	An investment with some risk High risk capital	1	Investment is worth a n but 'some risk' is true o	fall			
			Investment is worth a no but 'some risk' is true of investments 'Capital' is a repeat of the street of the street is a repeat of the street is a re	f all he gh			

© UCLES 2018 Page 3 of 20

Question	Answer						
1(a)(ii)	Brief	Briefly explain the term 'internal growth'.					
	Award	d one mark for each point o	f explanation	on:			
		Kr	nowledge		Marks		
	С	Example (an example ne same as items in the A r showing good understand growth or less risky than e higher profitability etc.	nark) or so ing, for exa	ome other way of ample AKA organic	1		
	В	Explanation of internal (in funds, reinvesting etc. or i over another business (do	n terms of	NOT merging/taking	1		
	А	Explanation of growth – exmore stores/factories/outle		getting bigger, opening	1		
		e nt n a business expands its ow ce. Known as organic growt	•	ns using internal source	s of		
	When	n a business expands its ow	•	ns using internal source	s of		
	Wher finance	n a business expands its ow ce. Known as organic growt mplar anic growth by using the	•	Rationale 'Organic growth' – C m	nark		
	Wher finance Exer Organic	n a business expands its ow ce. Known as organic growt mplar	Marks	Rationale	nark n profits'		
	Wher finance Exer Orga busi more	mplar anic growth by using the nesses profits to open e shops.	Marks	*Organic growth' – C m 'using businesses own – B mark	nark n profits' - A mark		
	Exer Orga busi more Expa profi merg	mplar anic growth by using the nesses profits to open e shops.	Marks 3	Corganic growth' – C me 'using businesses own – B mark 'to open more shops' – Expansion is A mark Reinvesting is B mark 'As opposed to merger	nark n profits' - A mark r' is also		
	Expa busi more Expa profi mero Grov busi also	mplar anic growth by using the nesses profits to open e shops. ansion by reinvesting ts as opposed to a ger. wth by using the nesses own funds. It is	Marks 3	Corganic growth' – C me 'using businesses own – B mark 'to open more shops' – Expansion is A mark Reinvesting is B mark 'As opposed to merget the B mark B and C mark – do not 'growth' as the A mark because it is part of the	nark n profits' - A mark r' is also t award e term/in		

© UCLES 2018 Page 4 of 20

October/November 2018

uestion	Answer					
1(b)(i)	Refer to Table 1. Calculate the current ratio as at 31 December 2017.					
		Marks				
	Correct answer with o	or without correct working	2			
	Formulae or identifica	tion of correct figures	1			
	No creditable content		0			
	$ \frac{\text{CA}}{\text{CL}} $ $ \frac{200}{40} $ = 5:1 (accept 5)					
	Answer	Rationale	Marks 2			
	5 (no working) CL/CA = 40/200 = 1:5	A correct answer Formula is wrong way round but correct figures have been identified	1			
	1:5 (no working)	No formula or correct identification of correct figures.	0			
	40/200 = 0.2	Correct figures have been identified	1			
	0.2 (no working)	No formula or correct identification of correct figures.	0			

© UCLES 2018 Page 5 of 20

Question	Answer						
1(b)(ii)	Analyse two limitations to Thamir of using published accounts to decide whether to invest in CL.						
	Level	Knowledge and Application (4 marks)	Marks	Analysis (4 marks)	Marks		
	2	Shows understanding of two limitations of <i>CL</i> 's published accounts	4	Developed analysis to Thamir of two limitations of using CL's published accounts	4		
		Shows understanding of one limitation of CL's published accounts	3	Developed analysis to Thamir of one limitation of using CL's published accounts	3		
	1	Shows knowledge of two limitations of published accounts	2	Limited analysis of two limitations of using published accounts	2		
		Shows knowledge of one limitation of published accounts	1	Limited analysis of one limitation of using published accounts	1		
	0		No credita	ble content	-		
	'wrong' wa Analysis r owner/inv	cept answers which state ithout a valid reason whe must be about the limital estor) to achieve level 2 extual answers can only	<i>y they mig</i> tions to Th 	ht be wrong. eamir (as a potential	uld be		

© UCLES 2018 Page 6 of 20

Question		Answ	er		Marks
Content Historical – Published accounts are backward looking and will not tell Thamir much about the current state of the business for his investmer Is the business worth the same now as it was when the accounts were published. Also these accounts are from 31/12/17 – so half a year out date. Need something to compare the accounts with – this is only one year, there is nothing to compare with for Thamir to know if CL is improving not. Need other businesses within industry to compare – no other business in the clothing industry to compare CL's accounts with. Non-financial assets are not included, e.g. human resources, management. May not give the full picture to Thamir. Only includes quantitative values Income statement only shows totals for the year Statement of financial position only a snapshot of a business at one point in time Market is dynamic and changes will not be reflected in the historical account Accept reference to what is missing from the given accounts (fig 1) a contextual (even though the data might appear in the published accounts), e.g. no inventory shown					
	Examples of knowledge of a limitation of using published accounts	Examples of application/context	Examples of possible limited analysis	Examples of developed analysis in context	
	Can be window dressed (K)	CL may have postponed payment of bills until after 31st December (APP)	This could make the current assets appear to be worth more (AN)	Which may lead Thamir to pay more for 50% of the business (DEV)	
	May not reflect changes (K)	Which may make Thamir's 50% investment in shares (APP)	a risky investment (AN)	and may lead to him losing his money (DEV)	
	May not show customer loyalty (K)	The \$760 000 value of the non-current assets may not include the customer loyalty (APP)	The business may be worth more than Thamir thinks it is (AN)	Which may lead Thamir to not invest in the business. (DEV)	

© UCLES 2018 Page 7 of 20

Question		Ans	wer			Marks		
1(c)	Explain two qualities that Thamir is likely to need as a successful entrepreneur.							
	Level	Knowledge and Applic	ation	Marks	Annotations			
	2	Explanation of two character context	istics in	4	APP + APP			
		Explanation of one character context	ristic in	3	APP			
	1	Explanation of two character	istics	2	K + K			
		Explanation of one character	ristic	1	K			
	0	No creditable content		0				
	EnerSelfPersAbiliCrea	dership skills Tgy and enthusiasm Tbelief and confidence Tistence and drive Ty to work under pressure Thirtier and imagination Tiskilled Tiskilled						
		wledge of entrepreneurial ty needed for success (K)	Poss	sible con	text (APP)			
	Risk ta	ker	To invest v	enture c	apital			
	Leader	ship skills	To become in CL	e a 50% (owner/manager			
	Energy	and enthusiasm	To take on as advice		rial roles such			
	Drive				iven to build up ail business			

© UCLES 2018 Page 8 of 20

Question	Answer							
1(d)				re likely to be most ventory managemen		d by the	11	
	Knowledge and Application (4 marks)	Marks	Annotation	Analysis and Evaluation (7 marks)	Marks	Annotation		
				A justified judgement based on a developed argument of at least two stakeholders	7	EVAL + EVAL + EVAL		
				A developed judgement based on a developed argument of at least two stakeholders	6	EVAL + EVAL		
				A basic judgement based on a developed argument of at least two stakeholders	5	EVAL		
	Shows understanding of two stakeholders in context	3–4	APP + APP	Argument based on the impact on two stakeholders of CL of just in time in context	4	DEV + DEV		
	Shows understanding of one stakeholder in context		APP	Argument based on the impact on one stakeholder of CL of just in time in context	3	DEV		

© UCLES 2018 Page 9 of 20

Question			Ans	swer			Marks
1(d)	Knowledge and Application (4 marks)	Marks	Annotation	Analysis and Evaluation (7 marks)	Marks	Annotation	
	Shows knowledge of two stakeholders	1–2	K + K	Limited analysis on two stakeholders of CL of the introduction of just in time	2	AN + AN	
	Shows knowledge of one stakeholder		К	Limited analysis on one of CL stakeholder of the introduction of just in time	1	AN	
	N	o credita	ble conte	ent	(0	
	 Content Suppliers – at the moment the suppliers deliver once a month but just in time will require more regular deliveries (perhaps daily). This is likely to increase the costs of the supplier which they may or may not pass on to CL. Will CL need to change to closer suppliers? Current owners – could require significant investment. May also be savings to be made on the large warehouse that may not be needed any more. Employees – May be made redundant if they work in the warehouse – alternatively their job may change to distribution rather than warehouse. Customers – used to next day delivery, but this may not be possible if clothes have to be ordered from suppliers after they have been ordered by the customer. Thamir – Condition of him investing in CL 						

© UCLES 2018 Page 10 of 20

Question			Answer			Marks
1(d)	ARA An example of annotated.	how an answer	could develop a	and how it shou	ld be	
	K	APP	AN	DEV	EVAL	
	Suppliers	only deliver inventory to CL once a month and will need to increase this.	JIT might mean that the suppliers would need to deliver goods every day increasing their costs.	Which could decrease the suppliers profit.	Overall the supplier will be more affected by the introduction of JIT than the customer (EVAL).	
	Customers	Expect their deliveries the next day if ordered by 18.00.	With JIT this may no longer be possible and the customer may have to wait longer.	Which could make the customer have to order from elsewhere.	Because the supplier may not have enough other customers to stop supplying CL, whereas the customer is likely to have greater choice of where to buy clothes from. (EVAL EVAL). However this depends on how much extra time the customer will have to wait for delivery (EVAL EVAL).	

© UCLES 2018 Page 11 of 20

Question		Answer			Marks
2(a)(i)	Define the term 'primary sector'	(line x).			2
	Know	ledge		Marks	
	A correct definition			2	
	A partial, vague or unfocused de	efinition		1	
	No creditable content			0	
	The sector of business that deals of extraction of natural resources. One mark for showing understand Extraction, mining, fishing, farm One mark for showing understating Raw materials, natural resource	ing that i ming/agr g that it i	t is about extraction iculture		
	Exemplar	Mark	Rationale		
	Extraction of raw material	2	Both elements covered		
	Acquiring natural materials	1	'Acquiring' is not enoug	h	
	Farming the land	1	No idea of the raw mate	erial	
	Mining things out of the ground	1	No idea of the raw mate	erial	

© UCLES 2018 Page 12 of 20

October/November 2018

Question			Answer			Marks
2(a)(ii)	Briefly explain the term 'flow production' (line x).					
	Award	one mark for each point of	explanat	on:	, ,	
		Kno	owledge		Marks	
	С	Example or some other wa understanding, for example machinery/capital, homoge products, allows greater ed	e (high) u eneous (e	se of xactly the same)	3	
	В	Allows greater/faster produce more	iction/hig	h volume/mass – i.e.	2	
	А	Use of an assembly line, co	ontinuous	s, produced in stages,	1	
		production ia also known as ar manufacturer. High volum Exemplar			iction lines	
		Exemplai				
	asse	s production on an embly line, for example car ufacture	3	All three elements		
		inuous production of many ls, often using high levels ipital	3	All three elements		
		ing large amounts of the e product	2	B and C marks		
	prod	production is mass ucing products on an embly line	2	A and B marks		
		n goods are made one another in a continuous	1	Only A mark		

© UCLES 2018 Page 13 of 20

Question	Answer						
2(b)(i)	Refer to Table 2. Calculate the market size of WW's target market.						
		Rationale	Marks				
	Correct answer, with	or without working or million (m)	4				
	Attempt at the final a	nswer using correct figures	3				
	Calculation of one co	rrect figure (can be OFR)	2				
	Formula* or identifica	ation of correct figures	1				
	No creditable conten	t	0				
	15% of 48m take part in Answer = 7.2m (4)	water = 80% of 60m = 48m (2) n sport = 15% of 48m = 7.2m (4)	Maylea				
	Answer 7.2	Rationale	Marks 4				
	15% of 48m = 0.72	An error in final stage	3				
	80% of 60m = 48m	One correct figure with working	2				
	15% of 60m = 9	Missed out a stage, but a correct calculation based on their own figure	2				
	60/80 = 0.075m 0.075/15 = 0.005m	Incorrect way to calculate a percentage but identification of correct figures	1				
	48m (no working)	An incorrect answer with no working to back it up	0				
	0.72 (no working)	An incorrect answer with no working to back it up	0				

© UCLES 2018 Page 14 of 20

Question		Ans	swer		Marks			
2(b)(ii)	Explain one benefit to WW of targeting a niche market.							
	Level	Knowledge and Application Marks						
	2	Explanation of a benefit in context 2						
	1	Explanation of a benefit 1						
	0	No creditable content 0						
	 Content Less competition – this needs to have some reference to the target market to become application More brand loyalty Cheaper market research Higher potential profit margins Less risk Less initial investment Lower cost for marketing/promotion Higher price can be charged ARA							
		Knowledge of a benefit of targeting a niche market (K) Possible benefit in context (APP)						
	Less co	tly						
	More br	and loyalty	Because consumers may feel that WW is line with their beliefs about sport and water					
	Cheape	r market research	WW only needs to research not 60m people	7.2m				

© UCLES 2018 Page 15 of 20

Answer							
Analyse how having two of Goleman's emotional intelligence competencies could help the person selected fulfil the role of sales manager.							
Level	Knowledge and Application (4 marks)	Marks	Analysis (4 marks)	Marks			
2b	Shows understanding of how two of Goleman's competencies could help the person selected fulfil the role of sales manager	4	Developed analysis of the use of two of Goleman's competencies could help the person selected fulfil the role of sales manager	4			
2a	Shows knowledge of how one of Goleman's competencies could help the person selected fulfil the role of sales manager	3	Developed analysis of the use of one of Goleman's competencies could help the person selected fulfil the role of sales manager	3			
1b	Shows knowledge of two of Goleman's competencies	2	Limited analysis of the use of two of Goleman's competencies in recruitment	2			
1a	Shows knowledge of one of Goleman's competencies	1	Limited analysis of the use of one of Goleman's competencies in recruitment	1			
0 No creditable content							
	compete manager Level 2b 1b	Competencies could help the paranager. Level Knowledge and Application (4 marks)	Competencies could help the person se manager. Level Knowledge and Application (4 marks) 2b Shows understanding of how two of Goleman's competencies could help the person selected fulfil the role of sales manager 2a Shows knowledge of How one of Goleman's competencies could help the person selected fulfil the role of sales manager 2b Shows knowledge of How one of Goleman's competencies could help the person selected fulfil the role of sales manager 2 Shows knowledge of two of Goleman's competencies 2 Shows knowledge of two of Goleman's competencies 3 Shows knowledge of two of Goleman's competencies 4 Shows knowledge of two of Goleman's competencies 5 Shows knowledge of two of Goleman's competencies 6 Shows knowledge of two of Goleman's competencies 7 Shows knowledge of two of Goleman's competencies 8 Shows knowledge of two	Level Knowledge and Application (4 marks) Analysis (4 marks)	competencies could help the person selected fulfil the role of sales manager. Level Knowledge and Application (4 marks) Marks (4 marks) Marks (4 marks)		

© UCLES 2018 Page 16 of 20

Question	Answer						
2(c)	Content Self-awareness i.e. Emotional self-awareness; accurate self-assessment; self-confidence. e.g. needs to be able to recognise own skills and develop these within the sales role at WW. Self management — Self-control, trustworthiness, conscientiousness, adaptability, focus on achievement and initiative. e.g. Needs time management skills. Ability to work on own. Social awareness — Empathy, understanding of the organisation of the business, focus on customer service. e.g. needs understand how to negotiate Social skills/management — Influencing others, leadership, developing others, communication skills, conflict management, teamworking and collaboration. e.g. ability to work as a team. Good communicator						
	Examples of Golman's competencies	Examples of application/ context	Examples of possible limited analysis	Examples of possible developed analysis			
	Self-awareness	The sales manager must be willing to develop their own skills	If the manager is self-aware then they know which skills to develop in themselves so that WW can have a successful launch into the market.	This is likely to lead to WW being able to dominate the niche market and make more profit.			
	Social skills/ management	Important because the sales manager must lead a team of sales- people	This is likely to make the sales team more effective	Which could lead to WW establishing the brand and gaining a high market share.			

© UCLES 2018 Page 17 of 20

Question			Ans	swer			Marks
2(d)	Recommend suitable promotional methods for the launch of WW bottled water. Justify your recommendation.						
	Knowledge and Application (4 marks)	Marks	Annotation	Analysis and Evaluation (7 marks)	Marks	Annotation	
				A justified recommendation based on a developed argument of at least two promotional methods in context	7	EVAL + EVAL + EVAL	
				A developed recommendation based on a developed argument of at least two promotional methods in context	6	EVAL + EVAL	
				A basic recommendation based on a developed argument of at least two promotional methods in context	5	EVAL	
	Shows understanding of two promotional methods in context	3–4	APP + APP	Argument based on two promotional methods in context	4	DEV + DEV	
	Shows understanding of one promotional method in context		APP	Argument based on one promotional method in context	3	DEV	

© UCLES 2018 Page 18 of 20

Question	Answer						
2(d)	Knowledge and Application (4 marks)	Marks	Annotation	Analysis and Evaluation (7 marks)	Marks	Annotation	
	Shows knowledge of two promotional methods	1–2	K + K	Limited analysis of two promotional methods	2	AN + AN	
	Shows knowledge of one promotional method		К	Limited analysis of one promotional method	1	AN	
		N	o credita	ble content			
	NOTE – allow differs separate promotions Content Promotional methods Television Radio Cinema Sponsorship Newspapers Sales promotions Packaging Direct marketing Digital marketing Email Trade fairs Merchandising Telesales Personal selling	al methons could in	ods.				
	 suitable WW is targeted a appropriate and with the appropriate and suitable WW is a new bush the appropriate and with the appropriate and with the appropriate and the appropriate	at a niche may be t siness – he line m ave an et il methoo though r	X – sugg e market oo exper no idea d nethods a chical star ds might l niche this	ests a national metho – mass marketing me	ethod madget. suitable nical) so wspaper ket to rea	re ay not be certain	

© UCLES 2018 Page 19 of 20

Question	Answer							
2(d)	methods (i marketing. product for No other concampaign New sales	g through wholes e. direct sales of To what extent WW? competitors, so W less urgency a manager sugge	etc.) will be nee will retailers an VW might be at at launch ests the importa	ded as well as ded wholesalers pole to start a 'slown and the contract of direct sa	any consumer promote the pw' promotional alles			
	К	APP	AN	DEV	EVAL			
	Advertising	WW is targeting a large number of people (7.2m) and advertising is likely to hit a mass market.	The advertising may make people aware of WW and increase sales.	Leading to an increase in profit for WW.	Overall advertising is a better method of promotion for the launch of WW. (EVAL) Because			
	Below the line promotion	WW is a new business and BTL promotion has a low cost.	This is good for WW because they are unlikely to have much cash when launching the bottled water.	Which is more likely to allow WW to spend on other more important areas of the business.	WW need to build up a market share quickly more than they need to reduce costs. (EVAL EVAL)			
					However this depends on WW having the cashflow to afford advertising for the launch. (EVAL EVAL EVAL)			

© UCLES 2018 Page 20 of 20