

MARINE SCIENCE

9693/02 October/November 2017

Paper 2 Data Handling and Free-Response MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 50

Published

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| Question | | Ans | swer | N | Marks | Guidance |
|----------|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|-------|--|
| 1(a) | | number (<i>n</i>) | <i>n</i> (<i>n</i> –1) | | 3 | all values of <i>n(n–</i> 1) correct for 1 mark |
| | | 7 | 42 | | | |
| | | 16 | 240 | | | |
| | | 11 | 110 | | | |
| | | 23 | 506 | | | |
| | _ | 14 | 182 | | | |
| | | 3 | 6 | | | |
| | _ | 5 | 20 ; | | | |
| | | Total (N) = 79 ; | ∑ <i>n</i> (<i>n</i> –1) = 1106 ; | | | |
| 1(b) | figures correctly substit | uted into formula ; 79 × | < 78 / 1106 | | 2 | A ECF from 1(a) |
| | diversity index for shore | e B = 5.6 ; | | | | |
| 1(c) | <i>any 3 of:</i> shore B has a higher bi | odiversity than shore A | \; | | 3 | |
| | both shores have the sa | ame (7) number of spe | cies present / same spe | cies richness ; | | |
| | idea that shore B has h | igher populations of ea | ch species than shore <i>i</i> | Α; | | |
| | total number of organis | ms greater at shore B / | shore B has 29 more o | rganisms ; | | |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
|----------|--|-------|----------|
| 1(d) | any 2 of: type / location, of shore ; | 2 | |
| | height / position, on shore; | | |
| | sampling area ; | | |
| | time of year ; | | |
| | state of the tide ; | | |
| | abiotic factor ; | | |

| Question | Answer | | Guidance |
|----------|--|---|---------------------------------|
| 2(a) | appropriate linear scale for both axes ; both axes labelled including units ; | | plots to cover at least half of |
| | | | the grid |
| | all points plotted correctly ($\pm \frac{1}{2}$ small square); | | |
| | points joined with ruled lines ; | | |
| 2(b) | as temperature increases, concentration of dissolved oxygen decreases; | 2 | |
| | use of manipulated figures ; | | |
| 2(c)(i) | concentration of dissolved oxygen decreases ; | 1 | |
| 2(c)(ii) | concentration of dissolved oxygen increases; | 1 | |
| 2(d) | more, photosynthesis / producers / productivity; | 2 | |
| | due to, wave action / turbulence ; | | |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
|----------|---|-------|----------|
| 3(a)(i) | all the different, species of organisms / populations; | | |
| | in a particular, habitat / ecosystem, at the same time; | | |
| 3(a)(ii) | rate ; | | |
| | at which, organic material / biomass, is produced ; | | |
| 3(b) | any 5 of: 1 sandy shores are unstable / continuously shifting / longshore drift / AW ; | 5 | |
| | 2 subject to <u>erosion</u> ; | | |
| | 3 sand has a high porosity / dries out quickly / AW; | | |
| | 4 lack of suitable substrate for attachment ; | | |
| | 5 no / few, producers for food / lack of photosynthesis / low primary productivity; | | |
| | 6 no shelter / exposure to predators ; | | |
| | 7 only burrowing animals can live there / idea of, only a small number of species are adapted to live there ; | | |
| | 8 few niches available ; | | |

| Question | | Answer | | Guidance |
|----------|---|--|---|----------|
| 3(c) | <i>any</i> 6 of: 1 reefs, dissipate / reduce, wave <u>energy</u> ; | | 6 | |
| | 2 | slow down / reduce, wave action ; | | |
| | 3 | protect shores from flooding; | | |
| | 4 | reduce coastal erosion; | | |
| | 5 | provide protection for (named) coastal habitats; | | |
| | 6 | provide protection for coastal, properties / infrastructure; | | |
| | 7 | idea of providing safe anchorages; | | |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
|----------|---|-------|----------|
| 4(a) | any 3 of: increased evaporation in lagoon ; | 3 | |
| | due to high temperature ; | | |
| | increasing concentration of salt which increases salinity; | | |
| | idea of, dilution of sea water in an estuary / decrease in concentration of salt; | | |
| | by fresh water from, rivers / run off, decreases salinity ; | | |
| 4(b) | any 2 of: force caused by rotation of the Earth ; | 2 | |
| | idea of deflection of, ocean currents / cyclones / wind direction; | | |
| | ref. to different direction of spin in northern and southern hemisphere / wind or currents have spiral patterns away from the equator ; | | |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
|----------|---|-------|----------|
| 4(c) | any 5 of: decrease in temperature of water at surface ; | 5 | |
| | (leads to upwelling) | | |
| | increase in density; | | |
| | cold / more dense, water sinks ; | | |
| | replaced by water moving up from below / AW ; | | |
| | ref. to convection ; | | |
| | surface currents are driven by the wind ; | | |
| | surface water moved away from coasts ; | | |
| | ref. to (wind driven) currents deflected by underwater ridges causing them to move upwards ; | | |
| | ref. to global conveyer belt / deep water currents, being temperature driven / start at the poles ; | | |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
|----------|---|-------|----------|
| 4(d) | any 5 of: 1 carbon / carbon dioxide, used to synthesise organic compounds / absorbed by producers / for photosynthesis ; | 5 | |
| | 2 magnesium for chlorophyll ; | | |
| | 3 phosphorus for, DNA / bones ; | | |
| | 4 nitrogen for, amino acids / proteins / DNA; | | |
| | 5 calcium for, bones / teeth / skeleton ; | | |
| | 6 nutrients are incorporated into food chains ; | | |
| | 7 (loss by) harvesting ; | | |
| | 8 (loss by) dead organisms / faeces, sinking to sea floor; | | |
| | 9 (loss by) incorporation into coral reefs; | | |