MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2008 question paper

9700 BIOLOGY

9700/32

Paper 32 (Advanced Practical 2), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

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UNIVERSITY of CAMBRIDGE International Examinations

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Question	Expected Answers		Additional Guidance	Marks
Draw and la	abel ONE cell in distilled water		2 MMO collection	
1 (a) (i)	one cell drawn (at high power), two lines f		Ignore low power. Reject two or more cells together. Rej. if have additional organelles mitochondria, chloroplasts, Golgi.	[2]
Present yo	ur observations from the slides made fro	2 MMO decisions, 2 PDO recording		
1 (a) (ii)	Either single table, all cells drawn, column headings: solution/slide/(distilled) water/W and T1 and T2; to left/across top, observations/feature/e.g. to right/ underneath/clear what is recorded in the boxes; T1 cell membranes/cytoplasm pulled away from cell wall/plasmolysed; T2 granules/particles in cell/more plasmolysed/destroyed/stained/coloured e.g. brown/black/AW;	Or when only drawings given three drawings, labelled (distilled) water/W, T1 and T2; clear that cell walls and cell membranes are all different (for water, T1 and T2); T1 cell membranes/cytoplasm pulled away from cell wall/plasmolysed; T2 granules/particles in cell/ <u>more</u> plasmolysed/destroyed/stained/coloured e.g. brown/black/AW;	No outer boundary needed for table. Reject cells shrink or become smaller. Accept vacuole shrinking or drawn. Allow any description that cells have been destroyed/cell membranes ruptured/disorganised/ leakage of cell. Reject cell walls broken down.	[4]

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Explain ob	servations from water, T1 and T2.				
1 (a) (iii)	 Idea of high/less negative water potential to lower/more negative water potential/down water potential gradient Any two of: (in water)idea of water has moved in/no net movement; (in T1/T2) idea of water has moved out; (in T2/lead nitrate) killed/destroyed cells/toxic/effect described/AW; 	AND by osmosis at any point;	so reject pt1 if wrong wa Ignore hypotonic and hy correct context if used.	ntial i.e. from high to low, ay. /pertonic but must be in e candidate's own results.	[1] [2 max]
Identify tw	o sources of error in this experiment	I		2 ACE interpretation	1
1 (a) (iv)	Two from evaporation from solutions/concentration of cells left <u>different</u> lengths of time/too short AVP; volume/no. of drops used; or different or different onions/parts of onion/n	a time/not long enough;	Reject not immersed. Reject should be same time –not an error. Reject amount.	Mark for any correct. Reject improvements.	[2 max]

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Suggest	how you could modify the experiment to investigate the effect of lead nitrate.		3 ACE improvements	
1 (b)	more/serial dilution concentrations of lead nitrate; Then any TWO from at least 3 specified lead nitrate concentrations; repeat each concentration/more than one strip (per concentration); keep the time the same/give an example of a time/longer time; keep the volume AND method /use graduated pipette/no.of drops the same/AW; same onion/same part/fresh; detailed measurement method/use of eyepiece graticule to measure plasmoylsed cells/count number of plasmolysed cells in a sample of 20 or more;	Reject shorter time.		[1] [2 max]

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<i>complete</i> i	the Table 1.2	oy caic	ulating	the mis	ssing	vaiue	es			PDO display	
(c) (i)	<u>6,81;</u>									A whole numbers only and both correct	[1
		ration c	of sodiu	m chlo	ride a	gains	st the	per	centage plasmolysis of the ce		
<u>Plot a grap</u> (C) (ii)	percentege/s plasmolysis		of sodiu	0.4		2.6			centage plasmolysis of the ce	PDO layout	
			/		Mal	ar / ,	nole/	ls / L	or per litre		[3]

0	x-axis conc, mol dm ⁻³ /M or molar/mole(s)/l or per litre	AND y-axis percentage/% plasmolysis;	Rej. mol/dm ⁻³ and mol dm ³ .	[1]
S/P	scale as shown/y axis 25 to 2cms, allow no 0 marked	 AND plotting crosses or dot in circle ONLY AND 0.0, 0.2 and 0.6 and 1.0 plotted correctly; no larger then X or O plots 0.2 must be on horizontal line, 0.2 and 0.6 and 1.0 between the horizontal lines. Ignore incorrect calculated mean plots i.e. 0.4 and 0.8. 	Rej. blobs in or out of circle.	[1]
L	either ruled lines joining each point or smooth curve thro go to 0	ugh 0; no thicker than no feathery line, line must	Rej. any extrapolation beyond either axis.	[1]

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Question	Expected Answers	Additional Guidance	Marks
State cond	entration at which 50% plasmolysis occurred	1 ACE interpretation	
1 (c) (iii)	take reading from candidates own graph, AND must have units;	Allow two decimal places. Ecf units from graph.	[1]
'The more	concentrated the solution the more plasmolysed the cells become' draw	2 ACE conclusion	
conclusio	n include whether the data support the hypothesis and produce a revised		
hypothesis	s if necessary		
1 (d)	General statement :		
	Either support or no support or partial support for the hypothesis or writes a	Needs clear statement.	
	conclusion which states the hypothesis;	Reject supports conclusion.	
	quotes 2 sets of figs. with both axes; OR		
	idea that up to 0.4 /low concentration only small % plasmolysed/or % plasmolysis	Idea of correct relationship may quote figures to	
	does not increase evenly with increasing concentration/or levels off at high	get same idea.	
	concentration;		
		Reject all/100% plasmolysed.	[2]

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Question	Expected Answers	Additional Guidance		Marks
Draw a LA	RGE, LOW-POWER plan diagram of photomicrograph fig 2.1. (artery)	1 MM	O collection, 3 PDO layout	
2 (a) (i)	sharp, clear unbroken lines, height no more than two thirds the length ; no cells, no shading, larger than 6 cm in any direction; at least three lines (plus very thin inner layer if shown); uneven all the way round and one solid inner line;	Outer two lines only	No more than 2 errors. Actual = 5.5 cm to 9 cm.	[4]
Æ				

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Use this inf	ormation to calculate the actua	I width of the	e lumen.			2 M	MO co	ollectio	n, 1 P	DO r	ecordii	ng, 1 F	DO di	splay	
2 (a) (ii)	Each division on stage scale is (First mark Reject any measurements giver		nts 1 and 2. A	Accept units o	r divisions	5.									
First Marl		-	7	14			2	8			1	29			
Second Ma	ark No. of eyepiece grat. Y	4.5	9.0	9	18	7	18	25	36	7	18	25	36		
	No on stage micrometer Z	5	10	5	10	2	5	7	10	2	5	7	10		
Third Mark	Show logical reasoning	EITHER							0	R				1	
		Z divided b	y Y first,			Z	хVА	ND div	vided	by Y.	follow	ed by :	хW		
				nultiplication l	•	/									
				en V, even the	ough not						nd unite				
			orrect reason				Rej	. if add	litiona	l figs.	even	if x1.			
			Ignore answe												
				figs. even if x						0.4				-	
Fourth Mar) and 999 wit	•						nd 0.99				[4]
	answer			orrect. Rejec							ct. Re	ject me	etres.	J	
	rks are for – <u>collecting</u> the correct is for <u>recording</u> – use of the corre		ird mark is io	r <u>display</u> – sr	lowing clea	ar reasc	ning ii	n the c	aicula	uon.					
	w an error in measuring the lur										1/		terpret	tation	
	not knowing where edge is/lume			on squashed	/only 1 1	gnore pa	arallav	orror			17		leipiei	alion	
	measurement/thicknesses of line					gnore pa	aranax	enor							
	eyepiece graticule/one scale line														
	scales/lining up the scales;	, io not at oug													[1]

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Compare and contrast	specimens Fig. 2.4 and 2	2.5.	2 MMO collection 1 PDO recording 2 ACE interpretation	1 I
2 (b) (i)		n ar Fig. 2.4		
		nnected, correctly headed;	Must have at least one similarity.	
organised as a table/Ver comparative statements				
	opposite each other;	nnected, correctly headed; Fig. 2.5	Must have at least one similarity.	
comparative statements	opposite each other; Fig. 2.4	nnected, correctly headed;	Accept tubes/vessels as alternative to lumen. Reject ref. to Fig. 2.4 having cells – not visible.	
comparative statements both have	opposite each other; Fig. 2.4 lumen/central space;	nnected, correctly headed; Fig. 2.5	Accept tubes/vessels as alternative to lumen.	
comparative statements both have lumens	opposite each other; Fig. 2.4 lumen/central space; larger,	nnected, correctly headed; Fig. 2.5	Accept tubes/vessels as alternative to lumen. Reject ref. to Fig. 2.4 having cells – not visible. Reject uses	
comparative statements both have lumens number (lumen/tubes) cells /cell walls/end	opposite each other; Fig. 2.4 lumen/central space; larger, single/one,	nnected, correctly headed; Fig. 2.5 smaller; more/lots;	Accept tubes/vessels as alternative to lumen. Reject ref. to Fig. 2.4 having cells – not visible. Reject uses	

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Suggest or	ne feature which indicates the Fig 2.5 is a			ACE conclusion			
2 (b) (ii)	have cell walls/xylem/phloem/sieve tube (element)/companion cell/pits/rings;	Ignore cellulose, lignin, vessel on own. Reject sieve plates.				
lake a lab	elled drawing of 5 representative cells.		1 MMO collection, 3 MMO decisions				
2 (b) (iii)	5 shown on Fig.; drawn 3 diverse cells; 3 different sizes; at least 1 cell drawn with bands/parts of bands/pits;	AND longer than wide;	Reject point 1 if more than 5 marked or drawn. Entire cells or open tubes. Ignore labels.	Reject points 2, 3 and 4 if more than 2 TS or textbook. Max 1 point, 1 only	[1] [3]		
	(b) The whole specimen in Fig. 2.2 is repeated below without the Fig. 2.5 shows a longitudinal section of a specimen from a Fig. 2.4 and Fig. 2.5 are not nerroduced at the same scale.						