MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2015 series

9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/22

Paper 2 (Structured Questions AS Core), maximum raw mark 60

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Page 2	Mark Scheme Cambridge International AS/A Level – May/June 2015	Syllabus 9701	Pap 22	
Question Mark Scheme			Mark	Total
1 (a)	name of particle relative mass relative charge			
.,	proton 1 +1		[1]	
	electron 1/1836 –1		[1]	
	neutron 1 0		[1]	[3]
(b) (i)	Mass of an atom(s)		[1]	
	relative to 1/12 th (the mass) of (an atom of) carbon-12 OR relative to carbon-12 which is (exactly) 12		[1]	[2]
(ii)	% of third isotope = 10		[1]	
	$\frac{(24 \times 79) + (26 \times 11.0) + 10x}{100} = 24.3$		[1]	
	10x = 248			
	x = 24.8 (3s.f.)		[1]	[3]
(c) (i)	anode $2Cl^- \rightarrow Cl_2 + 2e^-$ cathode $Mg^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow Mg$		[1] [1]	[2]
(ii)	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		[1]	
	1.30 1.30 1.31 1.30 = 1:1:1:1			
	MgOHC1		[1]	[2]
(d) (i)	Na ₂ O basic/alkaline; Al_2O_3 amphoteric/acidic and basic; SO ₃ acidic Na ₂ O (giant) ionic AND SO ₃ (simple/molecular) covalent		[1] [1]	[2]
(ii)	$Na_2O + 2HCl \rightarrow 2NaCl + H_2O$		[1]	
	$Al_2O_3 + 6HCl \rightarrow 2AlCl_3 + 3H_2O$		[1]	
	$\begin{array}{l} Al_2O_3 + 2NaOH + 7H_2O \rightarrow 2NaAl(OH)_4(H_2O)_2 \text{ OR} \\ Al_2O_3 + 2NaOH + 3H_2O \rightarrow 2NaAl(OH)_4 \text{ OR} \\ Al_2O_3 + 2NaOH \rightarrow 2NaAlO_2 + H_2O \text{ OR} \\ Al_2O_3 + 2OH^- + 7H_2O \rightarrow 2[Al(OH)_4(H_2O)_2]^- \text{ OR} \\ Al_2O_3 + 2OH^- + 3H_2O \rightarrow 2[Al(OH)_4]^- \text{ OR} \\ Al_2O_3 + 2OH^- + 3H_2O \rightarrow 2[Al(OH)_4]^- \text{ OR} \\ Al_2O_3 + 2OH^- \rightarrow 2AlO_2^- + H_2O \end{array}$		[1]	
	SO ₃ + NaOH → NaHSO ₄ OR SO ₃ + 2NaOH → Na ₂ SO ₄ + H ₂ O		[1]	[4]

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Q	uestion	Mark Scheme	Mark	Total
				[18]
2	(a) (i)	$2PbS + 3O_2 \rightarrow 2PbO + 2SO_2$ reagents and formulae balancing	[1] [1]	[2]
	(ii)	S (is oxidised) –2 to (+)4 O (is reduced) 0 to –2	[1] [1]	[2]
	(b) (i)	T = 400 – 600 °C (chosen as a compromise because) High T increases rate ora High T decreases yield/moves eqm left/makes less SO ₃ as forward reaction exothermic ora	[1] [1] [1]	[3]
	(ii)	High pressure increases rate as collision frequency increases ora	[1]	
		High pressure moves eqm right/favours forward reaction as more moles on left ora	[1]	
		Uneconomic to use high pressures/high yield at low pressure	[1]	[3]
	(c) (i)	Reaction (too) exothermic/acid spray produced	[1]	[1]
	(ii)	$SO_3 + H_2SO_4 \rightarrow H_2S_2O_7$ $H_2S_2O_7 + H_2O \rightarrow 2H_2SO_4$	[1] [1]	[2]
	(d)	Preservative owtte antimicrobial/antioxidant/reducing agent	[1] [1]	[2]
	(e) (i)	$12.35 \times 0.01 / 1000 = 1.235 \times 10^{-4}$	[1]	[1]
	(ii)	$1.235 \times 10^{-4} \times 1000/50 = 2.47 \times 10^{-3}$	[1]	[1]
	(iii)	$2.47 \times 10^{-3} \times 64.1 = 0.158327 \text{g} = 158 \ (3 \text{sf only})$	[1]	[1]
				[18]
3	(a) (i)	Bond breaking = C <i>l</i> -C <i>l</i> = 242 C-H = 410 = 652 kJ	[1]	
		Bond forming = $C-Cl = 340$ H-Cl = 431 = 771 kJ	[1]	
		Enthalpy change = 652 – 771 = –119	[1]	[3]
	(ii)	UV/High T/sunlight	[1]	[1]

Page 4	Mark Scheme Syllabi		
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Question	Mark Scheme	Mark	Total
(iii)	Initiation $Cl_2 \rightarrow 2Cl_{\bullet}$	[1]	
	Propagation $C_2H_6 + Cl \rightarrow C_2H_5 + HCl$ $\cdot C_2H_5 + Cl_2 \rightarrow C_2H_5Cl + Cl$	[1] [1]	
	Termination $\bullet C_2H_5 + \bullet C_2H_5 \rightarrow C_4H_{10}$	[1]	
	All three names correctly assigned	[1]	[5]
(b) (i)	ethene	[1]	[1]
(ii)	KOH/NaOH	[1]	
	ethanolic AND heat/reflux	[1]	[2]
(iii)	H ₂ AND Pt or Ni (catalyst)	[1]	[1]
			[13]
4 (a) (i)	$\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{CH}_{3}\mathbf{CH}_{2}\mathbf{CH}_{2}\mathbf{CH}_{2}\mathbf{CHO}$	[1]	
	$\mathbf{B} = CH_3CH_2CH(CH_3)CHO$	[1]	
	$C = (CH_3)_2 CHCH_2 CHO$	[1]	
	$D = (CH_3)_3CCHO$	[1]	[4]
(ii)	$\begin{array}{cccc} CH_3 & CH_3 \\ C & C \\ H_3CCH_2 & H & H \\ CHO & OHC & CH_2CH_3 \end{array}$	[1+1]	[2]
(b) (i)	Fehling's/Benedict's OR Tollens' OR dichromate OR manganate Warm/heat Fehling's/Benedict's =(Brick)-red ppt Tollens' = silver/mirror OR grey/black precipitate	[1] [1]	
	Dichromate = orange to green Manganate = purple to colourless	[1]	[3]
(ii)	(2,4-)DNP(H)/Brady's reagent	[1]	
	Orange/yellow/red-orange/yellow-orange ppt	[1]	[2]
			[11]