

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

| CANDIDATE NAME | | | | | | |
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| CENTRE NUMBER | | | | ANDIDATE JMBER | | |

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CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/52

Paper 5 (Core) May/June 2016

1 hour

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: Graphics Calculator

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all the questions.

You must show all relevant working to gain full marks for correct methods, including sketches.

In this paper you will also be assessed on your ability to provide full reasons and communicate your mathematics clearly and precisely.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The total number of marks for this paper is 24.



Answer all the questions.

INVESTIGATION SUMS OF CONSECUTIVE INTEGERS

This investigation looks at the results when the terms of a sequence of consecutive positive integers are added together.

| 1 | Here are four se | equences of consecutive p | ositive in | tegers. | |
|---|------------------------|---------------------------|------------|---------------|------------------------------------|
| | The sequence | 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 | has | 7 terms. | The median (the middle term) is 8. |
| | The sequence | 7, 8 | has only | 2 terms. | The median is 7.5. |
| | The sequence | 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25 | has | 6 terms. | The median is 22.5. |
| | The sequence | 20, 21, 22,, 40 | has | 21 terms. | The median is 30. |
| | For a sequence | of consecutive integers, | | | |
| | (a) give an exa | ample to show that the nu | ımber of t | erms is calc | ulated using the rule |
| | | la | st term – | first term + | 1 |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | (b) describe ho | ow to calculate the media | n using o | nly the first | term and the last term. |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

2 (a) Complete the table of sequences of consecutive positive integers.

| Sequence | Number of terms | Median | Sum of all the terms |
|------------------------|-----------------|--------|----------------------|
| 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 | 7 | 6 | |
| 7, 8 | 2 | 7.5 | |
| 20, 21, 22, , 40 | 21 | 30 | 630 |
| 5, 6, 7 | | | 18 |
| 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 | 8 | | |
| | 6 | 4.5 | 27 |
| | 5 | 7 | |

| (b) | Explain how to calculate the sum of all the terms using only the number of terms and the median. |
|-----|--|
| (c) | What is always true about the number of terms when the median is an integer? |
| (d) | What is always true about the median when the number of terms is even? |
| | *************************************** |

3 Use your answer to **question 2(b)** to help you complete the table of sequences of two or more consecutive positive integers.

| Sequence | Number of terms | Median | Sum |
|----------|-----------------|--------|-----|
| | | 5 | 15 |
| | 4 | | 34 |
| | | | 49 |

| 4 | Use your answers to c | uestion 1 and o | question 2(b) to help | you find the sum | of this sequence. |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|
|---|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|

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5 Sequences have 2 or more terms.

Find all the sequences of consecutive positive integers that have a sum of 77.

| _ | | |
|---|------|---|
| 6 | (a) | Use the factors of 16 to show why the sum of a sequence of consecutive positive integers cannot equal 16. |
| | | |
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| | (I-) | |
| | (b) | Find a number larger than 20 that cannot be written as the sum of consecutive positive integers. |
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