MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

0652 PHYSICAL SCIENCE

0652/62

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



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|---|-------------------|---|---|-------------------|-------------|--|--|
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| 1 | (a) (i) | | A, 0.42A (± 0.1) ;; V, 1.15V (± 0.1) ;; | | [4] | | |
| | (ii) | | 5/0.52 = 1.83 (ecf) ; /0.42 = 2.74 (ecf) ; | | [2] | | |
| | (iii) | | /40 x 100 = 4.58 ; /60 x 100 = 4.56 ; | | [2] | | |
| | the the the | (any answer) the contact was not exactly on the mark ; the ammeter readings were not accurate enough ; the voltmeter readings were not accurate enough ; the wire had heated up ; | | | | | |
| | (c) (ad | d ther | t them all up and divide by 5 to) find the average ; | | [1] | | |
| | | | | [Total: 10] | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 2 | (a) (i) | | egrees ; egrees ; | | [2] | | |
| | (ii) | 0.57 0.77 | | | [2] | | |
| | (b) (i) | strai | ts correctly plotted \pm half square (allow 1 error); ght line drawn (line crosses at 100 max 2); nding to sine $\theta = 1.00$; | | [3] | | |
| | (ii) | | s = 104 g (or as candidate's graph) ; | | [1] | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | (iii) | frictio | on ; | | [1] | | |
| | | e resu sses) | Its should be the same) because gravity acts equal ; | lly (on all three | [1] | | |
| | | | | | [Total: 10] | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | <i>ions</i> : bubbling is seen ; | | | | |
| | | s pops Inclusio | on: hydrogen ; | | [3] | | |
| | (b) red | (b) red OR red-brown OR brown ; (reject yellow) | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | (c) (i) | gree | n ; | | [1] | | |

| | Page 3 | | Paper | | | | |
|---|--|--|-------------|--|--|--|--|
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| | (ii) | (ii) observation: green ; conclusion: iron(<u>II</u>) hydroxide ; | | | | | |
| | (d) whi | white precipitate ; | | | | | |
| | (e) ma | (e) magnesium, zinc ; | | | | | |
| | (f) Fe | (f) FeC <i>l</i> ₃ ; | | | | | |
| | | | [Total: 10] | | | | |
| 4 | (a) (i) | 24°; 52.5°; | [2] | | | | |
| | (ii) | 13.5°; | [1] | | | | |
| | | | ['] | | | | |
| | (iii) | experiment 1 exothermic ; experiment 2 endothermic ; | [2] | | | | |
| | | alent bonds (in oxygen) ; c/electrovalent (bonds in white solid) ; | [2] | | | | |
| | (c) (i) | 37.5°; | [1] | | | | |
| | (ii) | EITHER each oxygen atom shares two electrons ; with two hydrogen atoms (accept any covalent molecule) ; OR correct diagram showing covalent bond formation ; | | | | | |
| | | in a molecule with correct formula ; (accept for 1 mark, idea of sharing electrons) | [max 2] | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | [Total: 10] | | | | | |
| 5 | (a) 30° = 13, 42° = 26, 49° = 37 (all 3 for 1 mark); | | | | | | |
| | all | (b) suitable scale chosen, both axes labelled ; all points plotted correctly (half square tolerance) ; curve drawn ; | | | | | |
| | (c) (i) | the bubbles will come too quickly for the marks to be made (accurately) | ; [1] | | | | |
| | (ii) | particles have more energy/move faster ; more (effective) collisions (per unit time) ; | [2] | | | | |

| Page 4 | | • | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper | |
|--------|---|---------------|---|------------------------|-------------|--|
| | | | IGCSE – October/November 2012 | 0652 | 62 | |
| (d) | (d) (i) carbon dioxide (or carbonic acid) + calcium hydroxide → calcium carbonate + water ;; (all four correctly named 2 marks, two or three correctly named 1 mark) | | | | | |
| | | nameu i mark) | [max 2] | | | |
| | (ii) calcium carbonate is insoluble in water ; | | | | [1] | |
| | | | | | [Total: 10] | |
| 6 (a) |) (i) | 113. | 6g ; | | [1] | |
| | (ii) | 37.8 | a : | | [1] | |
| | () | | | | | |
| (b) |) (i) | 91 ci | m ³ ; | | [1] | |
| | (ii) | 41 ci | m ³ ; | | [1] | |
| (c) | <pre>(c) density = mass/volume or 37.8/41; = 0.9(2) g/cm³ (ecf);</pre> | | | | | |
| (d) | (d) hexane is not as dense as ice ; hexane melts at a temperature lower than -5 °C ; hexane does not dissolve/react with ice ; | | | | | |
| (e) |) (i) | | loats on the surface AND the polar bears can walk under the ice/other suitable answer ; | on it/so that fish car | [1] | |
| | (ii) | | polar ice may melt AND the habitat of the royed/they may drown/other suitable answer ; | polar bear will be | [1] | |
| | | | | | [Total: 10] | |
| | | | | | | |