## **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

## 0652 PHYSICAL SCIENCE

0652/51

Paper 5 (Practical Test), maximum raw mark 30

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2013	0652	51
(a) (i) a	I recorded <i>v</i> values are to the nearest 0.1 cm;		[1]
fc	ree r <i>v</i> values present ; our or five <i>v</i> values present ; values increasing down the table for all recorded	readings ;	[3]
(iii) v	u values correct to at least 2 significant figures;		[1]
object object	lens slowly to and fro until sharpest focus obtained /lens/screen perpendicular to bench; and lens same height above the bench; but experiment away from other bright light source.		າ ; [max 1]
sı a	kes labelled with units; uitable choice of scales (points should be in an ar least 4 points plotted correctly to half a small squ bood best fit straight line judgement;		n); [4]
d	dication on graph of how data obtained <b>AND</b> urawn; orrect calculation to at least 2 significant figures u		
` ´ a	prect calculation for $f$ to at least 2 significant figure couracy mark: if $f$ is in the range given in the main $v$ reading for $u$ = 30 cm;		ased [2]
(d) image sharp	will not fit on the screen/is too far away from	the object/not formed	/not
•	any reasonable interpretation of results from gra	ph)	[1]

[Total: 15]

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Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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(a) (green to) black/brown – black (powder); [1] (b) (i) observations: green/green - blue (solution); limewater turns milky/chalky/white ppt (not cloudy); name of gas = carbon dioxide/ $CO_2$ ; (dependant on limewater or effervescence observation) name of anion = carbonate/ $CO_3^{2-}$ : [4] (ii) observations: blue ppt; name of metal cation: copper/Cu2+ (dependant on 'blue' observation); [2] (c) (i) blue; [1] (ii) observations: blue ppt (not dark blue ppt); deep blue solution/dark blue solution; formula of cation: Cu<sup>2+</sup> (dependant on 'blue' observation); [3] (iii) colour of solution fades/bubbles/effervescence/gets hotter; magnesium darkens/goes brown/goes black; [2] (iv) displacement/redox (dependant on any observation in (iii)) exothermic (dependant on 'gets hotter' in (iii)); [1] (d) copper carbonate/copper(II) carbonate/CuCO<sub>3</sub>; [1] [Total: 15]