MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

0652 PHYSICAL SCIENCE

0652/61

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



P	Page 2		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE – October/November 2013	0652	61
1 (a)) 36 44. 51	36 ; I4.5 ; 51 ; (no tolerance)			[3]
(b)) 80((°C) ;			[1]
(c)) bes woi	st m p rst gi	ietal lastic lass ;		[1]
		5			
(d)) (i)	thick	ness (of the wall/material) ;		[1]
	(ii)	any sam sam sam	2: e volume of water (in bottle) ; e shape ; e size bottle ;		
		sam sam	e temperature of water in bottle ; e amount of stirring ;		[max 2]
(e)) (i)	elec	trons ;		[1]
	(ii)	(elec	ctrons) in covalent (bonds) ;		[1]
					[Total: 10]
2 (a)) (i)	67.8 62.9	; ; (no tolerance)		[2]
	(ii)	67.8 62.9	- 45 = 22.8 (ecf) ; - 25 = 37.9 (ecf) ;		[2]
	(iii)	22.8 37.9	/45 = 0.51 (ecf) ; /25 = 1.52 (ecf) ;		[2]
(b)) (i)	poin best	ts plotted \pm 1 small square ; <i>(allow 1 error)</i> straight line drawn ;		[2]
	(ii)	clea 14.5	r evidence shown on graph ; – 15.5 (ecf) ;		[2]
					[Total: 10]

	Page 3			Mark Scheme IGCSE – October/November 2013	Syllabus 0652	Paper 61	
3	(a)	(i) limewate		water becomes cloudy/milky/white ppt/white solid t	er becomes cloudy/milky/white ppt/white solid forms ;		
		(ii)	carb	oon dioxide/CO ₂ ;		[1]	
		(iii)	solid	d X is a (metal) carbonate or hydrogen carbonate (bi	carbonate);	[1]	
	(b)	dia(any	diagram shows filter funnel containing paper and collecting vessel ; any two relevant labels ;				
	(c)	(i)	copp	per(II) hydroxide (allow copper hydroxide) ;		[1]	
		(ii)	(darl	k) blue solution (both words necessary) ;		[1]	
	(d)	(i)	(blue	e solution) becomes colourless/green (solution) ;		[1]	
		(ii)	(gre	y) filings become copper coloured/pink/brown/oran	ige ;	[1]	
	(e)	(e) copper(II) carbonate (allow copper carbonate) AND CuCO ₃ (both correct) ;					
						[Total: 10]	
4	(a)	(i)	31.3	3;		[1]	
		(ii)	red t	to blue/purple (NOT blue to red) ;		[1]	
	(b)	the sod sod	ne acid was (completely) neutralised ; odium sulfate is neutral (has a pH of 7) ; odium hydrogensulfate is acid ;				
	(c)	san with <u>eva</u> filte dry (any (hea leav filte dry (any	[max 4]				
	(d)) add less sodium hydroxide :					
	(/	add	half	the volume/amount/10 cm ³ ;		[2]	
						[Total: 10]	

	Page 4		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE – October/November 2013	0652	61
5	(a) r	magnesi silicon ;	ium ;		[2]
	(b) p	phosphc sodium ;	orus (must be in correct order)		[1]
	(c) ((elemen	t number 17) (chlorine) is yellow/green/not colourle	ess/is coloured ;	[1]
	(d) i	include t observa	he sample in an electrical circuit/try to make it conc <i>tion:</i> bulb lights up/ammeter shows a reading ;	luct electricity ;	[2]
	(e)	(i) blue	;		[1]
	(ii) to c	lissolve/make a solution ;		[1]
	(i	ii) red	pink/orange ; (accept yellow)		[1]
	(i	v) blue	/indigo/violet ; <i>(accept dark green)</i>		[1]
					[Total: 10]
_					
6	(a) (0.26 A; 1.55 V;			[2]
	(0.30 A; 1.80 V;	all 2dp, penalise once		[2]
	(b)	(i) 1.55 1.80	5/0.26 = 6.0 (ecf) ;)/0.30 = 6.0 (ecf) ;		[2]
	(ii) volta wire	age is read to the nearest 0.05 V, giving a possibility heats up ;	of inaccuracy/ th	e [1]
	(i	ii) find	the average/plot a graph and find the gradient ;		[1]
	(c)	(i) elec	trons ;		[1]
	(ii) arro	w shown pointing from left to right on the resistance	wire ;	[1]
					[Total: 10]