

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

BIOLOGY

0610/33 October/November 2016

Paper 3 Theory (Core) MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 80

Published

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[Turn over

| Page 2 | 2 Mark Scheme | | Paper |
|--------|---|--|-------|
| | Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2016 | | 33 |

Abbreviations used in the Mark Scheme:

- ; separates marking points
- / alternatives
- I ignore
- R reject
- A accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or guidance for examiners)
- AW alternative wording
- AVP any valid point
- ecf credit a correct statement / calculation that follows a previous wrong response
- **ora** or reverse argument
- () the word / phrase in brackets is not required, but sets the context
- <u>underline</u> actual words given must be used by the candidate (or grammatical variants of them)

| Page 3 | Mark Scheme | | Paper |
|--------|---|------|-------|
| | Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2016 | 0610 | 33 |

| Question | Answer | Mark | Further guidance |
|----------|---|----------|---|
| 1(a) | all have a backbone; | 1 | |
| 1(b)(i) | birds/Aves; | 1 | |
| 1(b)(ii) | <i>any 2 from</i> feathers; (pair of) wings; beaks; (lay) <u>hard-shelled</u> eggs; | 2 | R features shared with other vertebrates e.g. warm-blooded / 'lay eggs' unqualified / claws |
| | | Total: 4 | |

| Question | Answer | Mark | Further Guidance |
|----------|---|----------|--|
| 2(a)(i) | xylem; | 1 | A underline or circle the correct word |
| 2(a)(ii) | (cell or cellulose) wall; | 1 | R cell membrane A vessel/tracheid |
| 2(b) | <i>transport:</i> it is hollow/has no contents/has no cytoplasm; <i>support:</i> thick/rigid/strong/lignified walls; | 2 | |
| 2(c) | nucleus / cytoplasm / cell membrane / vacuole; | 1 | |
| | | Total: 5 | |
| 3(a) | 60 (beats per minute);; | 2 | 15×4 |

| Page 4 | Mark Scheme | | Paper |
|--------|---|------|-------|
| | Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2016 | 0610 | 33 |

| Question | Answer | Mark | Further guidance |
|----------|---|----------|------------------|
| 3(b) | valves closing; | 1 | |
| 3(c)(i) | heart rate, increases/faster; more than doubled/12 beats in 5 secs; | 2 | I beats harder |
| 3(c)(ii) | (more) exercise/increased stress levels/fear/excitement/adrenaline/(named) stimulant; | 1 | |
| 3(d) | <i>description:</i> blockage of the coronary artery; <i>risk factors any 1 from</i> : smoking/lack of exercise/stress/poor diet i.e. too much fat/genetic factors e.g. high cholesterol/obesity/age/gender; | 2 | |
| | | Total: 8 | |

| Page 5 | Mark Scheme | | Paper |
|--------|---|------|-------|
| | Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2016 | 0610 | 33 |

| Question | Answer | Mark | Further guidance |
|-----------|---|-----------|---------------------------|
| 4(a) | the manufacture of carbohydrate/sugars; using the energy from light; start of (most) food chains /AW; | 3 | |
| 4(b)(i) | chlorophyll; | 1 | |
| 4(b)(ii) | carbon dioxide; | 1 | |
| 4(b)(iii) | oxygen; | 1 | |
| 4(c)(i) | 24 (bubbles per minute); | 1 | |
| 4(c)(ii) | the rate of photosynthesis/number of bubbles, decreases as the distance increases ora; | 2 | |
| | the rate of photosynthesis/number of bubbles, increases as light intensity increases ora; | | |
| 4(c)(iii) | 3 (bubbles per minute); | 1 | |
| 4(d) | <i>either:</i> idea that carbon dioxide; is being used up/is in short supply; <i>or:</i> idea that the water is heated up; (this) may damage enzymes/plant (starts to) die ; | 2 | A enzymes denature |
| | | Total: 12 | |

| Page 6 | Mark Scheme | | Paper |
|--------|---|------|-------|
| | Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2016 | 0610 | 33 |

| Question | Answer | Mark | Further guidance |
|-----------|--|----------|------------------|
| 5(a) | active transport the movement of water diffusion the exchange osmosis the movement of particles | 3 | |
| 5(b)(i) | mechanical and chemical; | 1 | |
| 5(b)(ii) | biological catalyst; | 2 | |
| | made of protein; | | |
| 5(b)(iii) | amylase – starch; protease / pepsin – protein; lipase – fats; | 1 | |
| 5(b)(iv) | (enzymes) are specific/have a complementary shape; | 2 | |
| | there are many different, foods/nutrients/substrates, to break down; | | |
| | | Total: 9 | |

| Page 7 | Mark Scheme | | Paper |
|--------|---|------|-------|
| | Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2016 | 0610 | 33 |

| Question | Answer | Mark | Further guidance |
|----------|--|----------|---|
| 6(a)(i) | any two from: automatic/involuntary (response) /AW; fast/immediate/sudden (response); same response; | 2 | A unconsciously/without thinking |
| 6(a)(ii) | integrates/co-ordinates, stimuli and responses; <i>idea</i> that responses are protective/needed for survival/keep safe/avoid getting hurt/AW; | 1 | |
| 6(b) | receptors; sensory neurone; relay neurone; motor neurone; effectors; | 4 | All correct =4 3 or 4 correct =3 2 correct =2 1 correct =1 |
| 6(c)(i) | synapse; | 1 | |
| 6(c)(ii) | spinal cord/CNS/brain; | 1 | |
| | | Total: 9 | |

| Page 8 | Mark Scheme | | Paper |
|--------|---|------|-------|
| | Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2016 | 0610 | 33 |

| Question | Answer | Mark | Further guidance |
|----------|--|----------|------------------|
| 7(a) | any four from: slow and easy to catch; not enough left to reproduce; not enough grow to breeding age AW; hunting drove them out of their natural habitats; difficult to find mates; competition for food / not enough food; introduction of disease; destruction of habitat; (goats) damaged their eggs / hatchlings; | max 4 | |
| 7(b) | any two from: captive breeding program; zoos/reserves/national parks; ban hunting; conserve/protect, habitat AW; remove predators/competitors; educate/awareness/research; idea of ecotourism; | max 2 | |
| 7(c) | <i>any two from:</i> more, primary consumers/herbivores/prey; fewer producers; increase in the numbers of <u>other</u> secondary consumers; fewer, tertiary consumers; | max 2 | |
| | | Total: 8 | |

| Page 9 | Mark Scheme | | Paper |
|--------|---|------|-------|
| | Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2016 | 0610 | 33 |

| Question | Answer | Mark | Further guidance |
|----------|--|-----------|--|
| 8(a)(i) | has two identical alleles of a particular gene; pure breeding; | 2 | |
| 8(b)(i) | a version of a gene; | 1 | |
| 8(b)(ii) | few plants produced green beans/most plants produced purple beans; allele for green beans was masked by the allele for purple beans AW; | 2 | |
| | need, two recessive/no dominant, alleles to get green beans; | | |
| 8(c) | <i>genotype</i> is the organisms, genetic make-up/alleles/genes; <i>phenotype</i> is the organisms, observable features / outward appearance/how the genes are expressed ; | 2 | |
| 8(d) | selective breeding; | 1 | A artificial selection |
| 8(e) | feature of a genetically engineered crop that increases production; e.g. pesticide/herbicide/drought/frost, resistance | 2 | |
| | descript of how this increases production; | | I examples of genetically engineered micro-organisms |
| | | Total: 10 | |

| Page 10 | age 10 Mark Scheme | | Paper |
|---------|---|------|-------|
| | Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2016 | 0610 | 33 |

| Question | Answer | Mark | Further guidance |
|----------|--|-----------|------------------------------|
| 9(a) | absorption movement passing egestion taking ingestion | 3 | 1 mark for each correct line |
| 9(b)(i) | X on an incisor; incisor; | 2 | |
| 9(b)(ii) | Y on a molar; molar/premolar; | 2 | |
| 9(c) | bacteria feed on sugars; bacteria respire; (this)produces acid; acid dissolves, enamel/A/dentine/B; cavities are formed; | 3 | |
| | | Total: 10 | |

| Page 11 | Mark Scheme | | Paper |
|---------|---|------|-------|
| | Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2016 | 0610 | 33 |

| Question | Answer | Mark | Further guidance |
|-----------|---|----------|--|
| 10(a) | 17.5 (%);; | 2 | (35/200)×100 |
| 10(b)(i) | 65(J);; | 2 | 200-(100+35) |
| 10(b)(ii) | any 1 from: (named) movement; excretion; repair; growth; digestion; active transport; | 1 | A any energy consuming life process except reproduction and respiration |
| | | Total: 5 | |