

# UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

Paper 6 Altern	ative to Practical		May/June 2012 1 hour
Danas C Altara	ative to Dractical		Mary Lune 2042
CHEMISTRY			0620/63
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER	
CANDIDATE NAME			

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

#### **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** questions.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

For Exam	iner's Use
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
Total	

This document consists of 10 printed pages and 2 blank pages.



2 Zinc blende is an ore of zinc containing zinc sulfide, ZnS.
A student attempted to obtain a sample of zinc metal from this ore. The diagram shows the procedure followed in four stages.

Stage '	1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Stage 4
A lump of blende was to form zinc	heated	The zinc oxide was crushed.	Dilute acid was added.	The mixture was separated to give a solution of zinc sulfate.
crucib	zinc blende tripod Bunsen burner		dilute acid	zinc sulfate solution
		ox to name the appa student should hav	ratus used. e carried out stage 2 befor	[1] e stage 1.
(c) l	dentify the dilute	e acid used in stage	3.	[2]
(d) N	Name the proce	ss used in stage 4.		
	Suggest how th solution.		ve obtained a sample of a	
				[1]
				[Total: 6]

2	Three bottles of liquids have lost their labels.
	The liquids are known to be:

pentene;

aqueous sodium iodide;

aqueous ammonia.

Outline chemical tests you would do to identify and distinguish the liquid in each bottle.

liquid	chemical test	result
pentene		
aqueous sodium iodide		
aqueous ammonia		

[6]

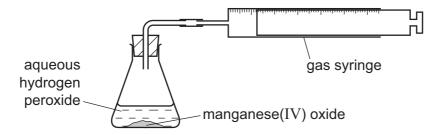
[Total: 6]

For Examiner's Use

 ${f 3}$  Hydrogen peroxide decomposes to form oxygen. Manganese(IV) oxide is a catalyst for this reaction.

Two students investigated the speed of reaction using the apparatus below.

2g of manganese(IV) oxide powder was added to  $50\,\mathrm{cm^3}$  of aqueous hydrogen peroxide at  $20\,^\circ\text{C}$ .



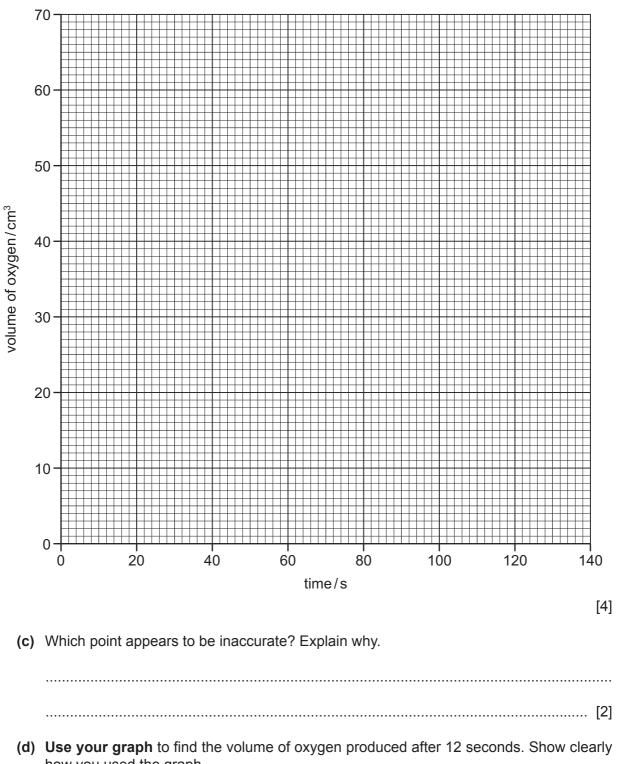
The volume of oxygen released was measured every 20 seconds.

(a) Use the gas syringe diagrams to record the volumes in the table.

time/s	gas syringe diagram	volume of oxygen/cm <sup>3</sup>
0	0 10 20 30 40 50 60	
20	0 10 20 30 40 50 60	
40	0 10 20 30 40 50 60	
60	0 10 20 30 40 50 60	
80	0 10 20 30 40 50 60	
100	0 10 20 30 40 50 60	
120	0 10 20 30 40 50 60	
140	0 10 20 30 40 50 60	

[3]

**(b)** Plot the results on the grid below. Draw a smooth line graph.



(e) Why did the volume of oxygen level out after 120 seconds?

(f)		e experiment was repeated but the hydrogen peroxide was cooled to 10°C before ting.	For Examiner's Use
	(i)	How could the hydrogen peroxide be cooled?	
		[1]	
	(ii)	Sketch on the grid, on page 5, the graph you would expect for the results at 10 °C. [2]	
		[Total: 15]	

For Examiner's Use

**4** A student prepared some crystals of sodium nitrate. The following extract was taken from her notes.

Preparing sodium nitrate crystals
Into a conical flask was placed 25.0 cm³ of aqueous sodium hydroxide
and 5 drops of indicator. Dilute nitric acid was added to the flask until
the indicator changed colour. The volume of nitric acid used was 29.0 cm³.
Crystals of sodium nitrate were obtained from the mixture in the flask.

(a)	What piece of apparatus should be used to measure the aqueous sodium hydroxide?	?
		[1]
(b)	(i) Name a suitable indicator that could be used.	
		[1]
	(ii) This indicator would change colour from to	[1]
(c)	Which solution was less concentrated? Explain your answer.	
	Solution of	
	Explanation	
		[2]
(d)	How could the student obtain pure crystals of sodium nitrate using this method?	
		[3]
	[Total	: 8]

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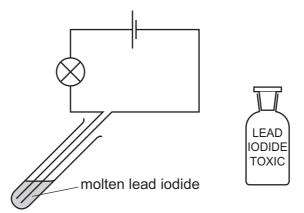
**5** A mixture of two solids, **G** and **H**, was analysed. **G** was water-soluble and **H** was copper carbonate.

The tests on the mixture and some of the observations are in the following table. Complete the observations in the table.

tests	observations
The mixture was added to water in a boiling tube. The mixture was shaken and filtered. The filtrate and the residue were tested.	
tests on the filtrate	
(a) To the filtrate, dilute nitric acid was added followed by aqueous silver nitrate.	white precipitate
(b) To the filtrate, dilute sulfuric acid was added.	white precipitate
tests on the residue	
(c) A little of the residue was put into a test-tube and dilute nitric acid added.	[1]
The gas was tested.	[2]
The contents of the test-tube were kept for test (d).	
(d) The contents of the test-tube were divided into two portions.	
<ul><li>(i) To the first portion, an excess of aqueous sodium hydroxide was added.</li></ul>	[2]
(ii) To the second portion, a few drops of aqueous ammonia were added.	[1]
Excess aqueous ammonia was then added.	
	[2]
(e) What conclusions can you draw about s	solid <b>G</b> ?
	[2]
	[Total: 10]

[ TO to...

6 Electricity was passed through molten lead iodide as shown below.



A purple gas was observed coming from the positive electrode (anode).

(a)	What piece of apparatus is missing from the diagram?	
		[1]
(b)	Clearly label the electrodes on the diagram.	[1]
(c)	Give one other expected observation	
	(i) during the electrolysis,	
	(ii) when the molten lead iodide cools and solidifies.	
		[2]
(d)	Suggest why a stopper is not used in the top of the boiling tube.	
		[1]
(e)	Explain the observation at the positive electrode.	
		[2]
(f)	Give one safety precaution necessary when carrying out this experiment.	
		[1]
	[Tota	l: 8]

7

### **Fertilisers**

For Examiner's Use

Growwell and Plantstrong are two different granular fertilisers.
Fertilisers improve the growth of plants.
A farmer decides to buy one of these fertilisers to improve the soil on his land

and use, to grow beans on his land.
[7]
[Total: 7]

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