## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper

## for the guidance of teachers

## **5054 PHYSICS**

5054/31

Paper 3 (Practical Test), maximum raw mark 30

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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		GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2012	5054	31	
			to 52.0 cm	B1	[1]
(b)	(i) $x < 50.0$ cm, measured to nearest mm or 0.1 mm with unit.		B1		
		y < x measured to the nearest mm or 0.1 mm with unit.		B1	
	(Penalise unit error once only and precision error once only in <b>(a)</b> and <b>(b)</b> )				
	(ii) Take readings either side of the mass and average / Use the slot in the mass to act as a guide as to the location of the centre of the mass /		tion of the		
		Measure diameter and halve it. Add to reading at LHS of subtract from reading at RHS.	of mass or	B1	
	(iii)	Correct calculation with value $40.0 \pm 3.0$ g to 2/3 s.f. and unit.		B1	[4]
				[Tota	al: 5]
(a)	(i)	<i>t</i> <sub>1</sub> value in range 5 s to 35 s with unit seen here or in <b>(a)(ii)</b> or	(b).	B1	
	(ii)	Correct calculation of $T_1$ with unit seen here or in (a)(i) or (b).		B1	[2]
(b)			n <b>(a)</b> or <b>(b)</b>	B1	[1]
	(In	(a) and (b), penalise units once only.)			
(c)	Cor	rrect calculation of ratio with value in the range 0.70 to 1.00 an	d no unit.	M1	
	Rat	tio in range 0.80 to 0.9 and 2/3 s.f.		A1	[2]
				[Tota	al: 5]
(a)	Ser	nsible value of $ heta_1$ measured to the nearest °C or better with un	it.	B1	[1]
(b)	(i)	$\theta_2$ > 70 °C measured to the nearest °C or better with unit.		B1	
	/:: <b>\</b>	Sensible value of $\theta_3$ measured to the nearest °C or better wi	th unit and		
	(ii)	2.0 °C to 8.0 °C higher than $\theta_1$ .		B1	[2]
	(11)	2.0 °C to 8.0 °C higher than $\theta_1$ . (In <b>(a)</b> and <b>(b)</b> , penalise missing or wrong unit once only.)		B1	[2]
(c)	Cor			B1 M1	[2]
(c)	Cor (Igr	(In <b>(a)</b> and <b>(b)</b> , penalise missing or wrong unit once only.) rrect calculation and $c_{\rm M}$ in the range 0.20 to 0.60 (J / (g °C)).			[2]
	(b) (a) (c) (a)	(b) (i) (ii) (ii) (a) (i) (b) t <sub>2</sub> a (ii) (b) t <sub>2</sub> a and (ii) (c) Co Ra (a) Sei	<ul> <li>(a) Position of the centre of mass of the rule in the range 48.0 cm measured to the nearest mm or 0.1 mm with unit.</li> <li>(b) (i) x &lt; 50.0 cm, measured to nearest mm or 0.1 mm with unit. y &lt; x measured to the nearest mm or 0.1 mm with unit. (Penalise unit error once only and precision error once only in (ii) Take readings either side of the mass and average / Use the slot in the mass to act as a guide as to the loca centre of the mass / Measure diameter and halve it. Add to reading at LHS c subtract from reading at RHS.</li> <li>(iii) Correct calculation with value 40.0 ± 3.0 g to 2/3 s.f. and unit.</li> <li>(a) (i) t<sub>1</sub> value in range 5 s to 35 s with unit seen here or in (a)(ii) or (b).</li> <li>(b) t<sub>2</sub> and T<sub>2</sub> found correctly with T<sub>2</sub> &lt; T<sub>1</sub>, with unit seen somewhere i and a repeat here or in (a)(i). (In (a) and (b), penalise units once only.)</li> <li>(c) Correct calculation of ratio with value in the range 0.70 to 1.00 an Ratio in range 0.80 to 0.9 and 2/3 s.f.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(a) Position of the centre of mass of the rule in the range 48.0 cm to 52.0 cm measured to the nearest mm or 0.1 mm with unit.</li> <li>(b) (i) x &lt; 50.0 cm, measured to nearest mm or 0.1 mm with unit. y &lt; x measured to the nearest mm or 0.1 mm with unit. (Penalise unit error once only and precision error once only in (a) and (b))</li> <li>(ii) Take readings either side of the mass and average / Use the slot in the mass to act as a guide as to the location of the centre of the mass / Measure diameter and halve it. Add to reading at LHS of mass or subtract from reading at RHS.</li> <li>(iii) Correct calculation with value 40.0 ± 3.0 g to 2/3 s.f. and unit.</li> <li>(a) (i) t<sub>1</sub> value in range 5 s to 35 s with unit seen here or in (a)(ii) or (b).</li> <li>(ii) Correct calculation of T<sub>1</sub> with unit seen here or in (a)(i) or (b).</li> <li>(b) t<sub>2</sub> and T<sub>2</sub> found correctly with T<sub>2</sub> &lt; T<sub>1</sub>, with unit seen somewhere in (a) or (b) and a repeat here or in (a)(i).</li> <li>(b) t<sub>2</sub> and t<sub>2</sub> found correctly with value in the range 0.70 to 1.00 and no unit. Ratio in range 0.80 to 0.9 and 2/3 s.f.</li> <li>(a) Sensible value of θ<sub>1</sub> measured to the nearest °C or better with unit.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(a) Position of the centre of mass of the rule in the range 48.0cm to 52.0cm measured to the nearest mm or 0.1 mm with unit.</li> <li>(b) (i) x &lt; 50.0 cm, measured to nearest mm or 0.1 mm with unit.</li> <li>(c) (i) x &lt; 50.0 cm, measured to nearest mm or 0.1 mm with unit.</li> <li>(d) (i) x &lt; 50.0 cm, measured to nearest mm or 0.1 mm with unit.</li> <li>(e) (i) x &lt; 50.0 cm, measured to the nearest mm or 0.1 mm with unit.</li> <li>(f) (a) and (b)</li> <li>(ii) Take readings either side of the mass and average / Use the slot in the mass to act as a guide as to the location of the centre of the mass / Measure diameter and halve it. Add to reading at LHS of mass or subtract from reading at RHS.</li> <li>(iii) Correct calculation with value 40.0 ± 3.0 g to 2/3 s.f. and unit.</li> <li>(iii) Correct calculation of T<sub>1</sub> with unit seen here or in (a)(ii) or (b).</li> <li>(b) t<sub>2</sub> and T<sub>2</sub> found correctly with T<sub>2</sub> &lt; T<sub>1</sub>, with unit seen somewhere in (a) or (b) and a repeat here or in (a)(i).</li> <li>(c) Correct calculation of ratio with value in the range 0.70 to 1.00 and no unit.</li> <li>(d) Sensible value of θ<sub>1</sub> measured to the nearest "C or better with unit.</li> </ul>

	Page 3		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2012	Syllabus 5054	Paper 31	
4	Preliminary Results					
	(a)		ed and in range 9.8 cm to 10.2 cm with unit and range 0.02 V to 0.20 V.		B1	
		I in the ra	ange 80mA to 220mA, to the nearest 10mA or bett	er with unit.	B1	[2]
	(b)		calculation of <i>R</i> with unit. $0.2\Omega$ to $1.0\Omega$ unless ecf from current)		B1	[1]
	<u>Tab</u>	<u>ole</u>				
	(c)	Table wit	th units for <i>L</i> , <i>V</i> , <i>I</i> and <i>R</i> .		B1	
		Range of	f <i>L</i> up to at least 80.0 cm.		B1	
		Even dis	tribution of points.		B1	
		-	alues of <i>V</i> and <i>I</i> . Expect <i>V</i> increases as <i>L</i> increase nately constant.	s and <i>I</i> remains	B1	
		-	alues of <i>V</i> and <i>I</i> . Expect <i>V</i> increases as <i>L</i> increase nately constant.	s and <i>I</i> remains	B1	[5]
		Systema	t calculations of <i>R</i> : remove one of the good tic errors in <i>V</i> or <i>I</i> : remove one or both of the goo or carried forward if any of these problems were pe	d values marks.		
	<u>Gra</u>	ph				
	(d)		elled with units and correct orientation. rom table)		B1	
			scale, not based on 3, 6, 7 etc. with data occupying in both directions.	g more than half	B1	
		This mar	nts plotted correctly – check the two points further k can only be scored if the scale is easy to follow. nust be within ½ small square of the correct position		B1	
			ne line and fine points or crosses. ckness to be no greater than the thickest lines on the	e grid)	B1	[4]

Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2012	5054	31
<b>Calculations</b>			
(e) Triangle (f	rom straight line or tangent) uses more than hal	f the drawn line.	B1
Correct ca (Ignore un	lculation (from straight line or tangent) it)		B1
For 28 sv 2/3 s.f.	vg constantan, value in range 0.040 ( $\Omega$ /cm) to	o 0.049 (Ω/cm) to	B1

Alternative wires

Wire	minimum value/ $\Omega$ /cm	maximum value/ Ω/cm	
26 swg constantan	0.027	0.033	
30 swg constantan	0.057	0.069	
26 swg nichrome	0.059	0.072	
28 swg nichrome	0.088	0.107	
30 swg nichrome	0.125	0.153	
32 swg nichrome	0.165	0.201	
metric 0.63 mm diameter nichrome	0.031	0.038	