MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

5054 PHYSICS

5054/32

Paper 3 (Practical Test), maximum raw mark 30

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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	Pa	ge 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper			
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	Section A							
1	(a)	<i>l</i> in the range 1.5 cm to 3.0 cm, measured to the nearest mm or better with unit.		it. B1	[1]			
	(b)	Sensible x recorded to the nearest mm or better with unit. (To be sensible x must be less than y .)		B1	[1]			
	(c)	All of y, z	z and <i>L</i> recorded to the nearest mm or better with ur	nit seen somewhe	re. B1			
		L > l, y >	x and $z < x$.		B1	[2]		
	(d)) Correct substitution for W and W in the range 5 N \leq W \leq 30 N to 2/3 with unit.			s.f. B1	[1]		
2	(a)	θ_1 record	ded with unit and in the range $10 \degree C \le \theta_1 \le 40 \degree C$.		B1			
		Attempt	at measuring temperature to better than 1 °C seen s	somewhere.	B1			
		<i>θ</i> ₂ > 70 °	C and $\theta_3 - \theta_1 > 15$ °C and $\theta_2 - \theta_3 > 10$ °C.		B1	[3]		
	(b)	Correct o	calculations of thermal energy changes with unit see	n somewhere.	M1	[1]		
	(c)	Energy le surround Energy g the hot b Energy le	gain is greater than energy loss because the cold v	s is losing heat to vater gains heat f	from	[1]		

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and I_1 measured to		and I_1 m	sured to 0.1 V or better with unit seen here or in (c) neasured to 0.01 A (10 mA) or better and with unit set $V > V_1 + 3.3 I_1 > 1.7 V$.	en here or in (c)	B1	[1
	(b)		calculation of <i>R</i> ₁ with unit seen here or in (d) . .c.f. from incorrect <i>V</i> and <i>I</i> values.)		B1	[1
	(c)		and $I_2 < I_1$ with units seen here or in (a) V > V ₂ + 33 I_2 > 1.7 V.		B1	[1]
	(d)		calculation of R_2 and $R_2 < R_1$. .c.f. from incorrect V and I values.)		B1	[1]
	(e)	The temp The pow Resistan Change	xplanation of change in resistance, e.g. perature of the filament is less / ver dissipated in the filament is less / nce increases as temperature increases / in resistance because of change in current explained aw is not obeyed because the temperature is not cor		M0 A1	[1
			Section B			
4	Pre	liminary	<u>Results</u>			
	(a)		normal and angle of incidence = 50° by eye. <i>i</i> and <i>r</i> can be checked by looking at the table.)		B1	[1]
	(d)	P₁ and F	P₂ labelled on any incident ray with one point withi	a 2.0 cm of the block	k	

P_1 and P_2 labelled on any incident ray with one point within 2.0 cm of the block and the other point within 2.0 cm of the "For Examiner's Use" margin.	B1	
P_3 and P_4 labelled on any emergent ray with one point within 2.0 cm of the block.	B1	
Correct construction inside block with r in the range 28.0° to 32.0° seen here or in the diagram or in the table.	B1	[3]

B1 [3]

(**Special case:** If $i = 40^{\circ}$, then allow *r* in the range 23.0° to 27.0°.)

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<u>Table</u>

(e)	Table with units for <i>i</i> and <i>r</i> and no units for sin <i>i</i> and sin <i>r</i> .	B1	
	As the angle of between the incident ray and the normal increases, the emergent rays leave block further to the right and all the rays correctly refracted away from the normal as they leave the block.	B1	
	Correct calculation of sin <i>i</i> and sin <i>r</i> to > 1 s.f.	B1	
	One angle $\ge 60^{\circ}$ and one angle $\le 30^{\circ}$.	B1	
	At least 5 correct pairs of angles obtained as shown below. (Do not count 0°, 0°)	B1	[5]

Correct pairs of angles:

i/°	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
r/°	5–9	11–15	17–21	23–27	28–32	33–37	36–40	38–42

<u>Graph</u>

(f)	Axes labelled with no units. (Allow e.c.f. from wrong unit in table and allow sin $(i/^{\circ})$.)						
	Suitable scale, not based on 3, 6, 7 etc. with data occupying more than half the page in both directions.	B1					
	Two points plotted correctly – check the two points furthest from the line. This mark can only be scored if the scale is easy to follow. (Points must be within ½ small square of the correct position.)						
	Best fit fine line and fine points or crosses. (Line thickness to be no greater than the thickest lines on the grid.)	B1	[4]				
Calculations							
(g)	Triangle must use more than half the drawn line.	B1					
	Correct calculation of gradient, with value in the range 1.45 to 1.60 (ignore s.f. and inclusion of unit). (Range is 0.62 to 0.69 if sin <i>r</i> against sin <i>i</i> is plotted.)	B1	[2]				