## CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Ordinary Level

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

## **5054 PHYSICS**

5054/41

Paper 4 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 30

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Page 2				Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
				GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2013	5054	41	
1	(a)	(i)	vertic	al arrow/line by eye from bench to sphere		B1	[1]
		(ii)	sensil	ble suggestion, e.g. mark (on track)		B1	[1]
	(b)	(i)	correc	ct shape path drawn from end of channel to floor		B1	[1]
		(ii)	horizo	ontal arrow/line from end of channel to where cand	idate's line meets	floor B1	[1]
	(c)	sph use	ere lar of sec	suggestion, e.g. nds in tray of sand/mark made on floor cond person clearly explained n on the sphere to leave mark on floor		B1	[1]
	(d)	66 (	cao (no	o unit required)		В1	[1]
	(e)	(i)	yes + no +	sensible suggestion, e.g. no horizontal velocity/falls straight down sensible suggestion, e.g. systematic error explained/size of sphere		B1	[1]
		(ii)	axes:	correct way round, labelled quantity and unit		B1	
				s: linear, sensible s: e.g. 2 cm ≡ 5 cm y-axis: e.g. 2 cm ≡ 10 cm		B1	
			•	s plotted accurately within ½ small square crosses or small points (in circle)		В1	
			smoo	th curve of best fit drawn		B1	[4]
		(iii)	not c	orrect + statement, e.g. line not straight		B1	[1]
2	(a)	(i)	misse	falls further (before catching it) es card ases reaction time		B1	[1]
		(ii)		listance fallen r) number		В1	[1]
	(b)	(i)	5 cm	cao (unit required)		B1	[1]
		(ii)	0.17(3	32) s cao (unit required)		B1	[1]
		(iii)	<b>1.</b> ma	ark time (and position) on card		B1	[1]
				least two lines with increasing separation e at 15 cm point on card labelled 0.17 s		B1	[1]

		GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2013	5054	41	
(a)	(i)	correct normal drawn		B1	[1]
	(ii)	42° ± 1°		B1	[1]
(b)	(i)	so pins stand up so not to damage bench		B1	[1]
	(ii)	pins far apart pins more than 5 cm apart P2 near left hand edge of board/at end of L P2 near edge of paper		B1	[1]
	(iii)	) to be above line cannot line up pins otherwise or can only use base of pins		B1	[1]
(c)	pins	s on emergent ray mentioned		B1	
	will blo		B1	[2]	
(a)	circ	cuit containing power supply, resistor, ammeter in series		B1	
	volt	tmeter across resistor		B1	
	\ ( (	variable resistor change additional resistor variable power supply change/add cells		B1	
		<del>-</del>		В1	[4]
(b)	sen	nsible suggestion, e.g. check zero on meters contacts tight / clean wires avoid parallax in reading meters keep current low switch off between readings		B1	[1]
	(b) (c)	(ii) (b) (i) (iii) (iii) (c) pin will bloom will be wi	<ul> <li>(a) (i) correct normal drawn</li> <li>(ii) 42° ± 1°</li> <li>(b) (i) so pins stand up so not to damage bench</li> <li>(ii) pins far apart pins more than 5 cm apart P2 near left hand edge of board/at end of L P2 near edge of paper</li> <li>(iii) to be above line cannot line up pins otherwise or can only use base of pins</li> <li>(c) pins on emergent ray mentioned pins too close will not fit on paper block too near edge emergent ray too short</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(a) (i) correct normal drawn</li> <li>(ii) 42° ± 1°</li> <li>(b) (i) so pins stand up so not to damage bench</li> <li>(ii) pins far apart pins more than 5 cm apart P2 near left hand edge of board/at end of LP2 near edge of paper</li> <li>(iii) to be above line cannot line up pins otherwise or can only use base of pins</li> <li>(c) pins on emergent ray mentioned pins too close will not fit on paper block too near edge emergent ray too short</li> <li>(a) circuit containing power supply, resistor, ammeter in series voltmeter across resistor</li> <li>means of varying current, e.g. variable resistor change additional resistor variable power supply change/add cells use of potentiometer</li> <li>use of V = IR and average I-V graph and find R</li> <li>(b) can be credited in (a) if seen sensible suggestion, e.g. check zero on meters contacts tight / clean wires avoid parallax in reading meters keep current low switch off between readings</li> </ul>	(a) (i) correct normal drawn (ii) 42° ± 1°  (b) (i) so pins stand up so not to damage bench  (ii) pins far apart pins more than 5 cm apart P2 near left hand edge of board/at end of L P2 near edge of paper  (iii) to be above line cannot line up pins otherwise or can only use base of pins  (c) pins on emergent ray mentioned  pins too close will not fit on paper block too near edge emergent ray too short  (a) circuit containing power supply, resistor, ammeter in series  voltmeter across resistor  means of varying current, e.g. variable resistor variable power supply change/add cells use of potentiometer  use of V = IR and average I-V graph and find R  (b) can be credited in (a) if seen sensible suggestion, e.g. check zero on meters contacts tight / clean wires avoid parallax in reading meters keep current low switch off between readings

Mark Scheme

Syllabus

Paper

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