CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Ordinary Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

5054 PHYSICS

5054/42

Paper 4 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 30

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



	Pa			Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper 42	
				GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2013	5054		
1	(a)	rea		suring force just before it jumps ling meter and pulling magnet at same time e varies/not constant		B1	[1]
		(ii)	u p	sible suggestion, e.g. se of two people explained ull slowly epeat			
			V	ideo newton meter		B1	[1]
	(b)	5.5	± 0.1	N unit required		B1	[1]
	(c)	(i)		s: correct way round, labelled quantity and unit (on yes: linear, not awkward	∕-axis only)	B1	
			<i>x</i> -ax	is: e.g. 2 cm ≡ 1 <i>y</i> -axis: e.g. 2 cm ≡ 1 N		B1	
				ts plotted accurately within ½ small square crosses or small points (in circle)		B1	
		/::\		oth curve of best fit drawn		B1	[4]
		(ii)		easing <i>n</i> decreases <i>F</i> rse relationship		B1	[1]
	(d)	newton meter not sensitive enough scale too big no change/same reading					
			-	force is too small (for this meter)/no force		B1	[1]
	(e)	(i)		paper/second expt (thicker) as force smaller (or rever that gives 3.0 N force	verse argument)	B1	[1]
		(ii)	more	e sensitive e readings er values for <i>F</i>		B1	[1]
	(f)	yes	; + al	uminium non-magnetic		B1	[1]
2	(a)	diagram showing paper and plain mirror plus incident and reflected rays OR four roughly correct pins					
		2 pins placed on incident ray				B1	
		pins	s or ir	mage (of pins) viewed in/through mirror		B1	
		line	s dra	wn and angles <i>i</i> and <i>r</i> measured to normal		B1	[4]

Pi	age	3	Mark Scheme Syllabus			
			GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2013 5054		42	
(b)) se	view by pins view by pins farepea	suggestion, e.g. cottom of pins vertical ar apart, e.g. greater than 5 cm t for different angles/repeat experiment pencil		B1	[1]
3 (a)	(i)	0.9\	/ cao (unit required)		B1	[1]
	(ii)		odile clips connections explained, e.g. wrap wire and tape		B1	[1]
	(iii)	sam	e value/0.9 V and needle to right		B1	[1]
(b)) se	e.m.f. run do voltag currer	suggestion, e.g. /voltage too small own quickly/small amount of energy ge not steady nt too small ance too large		B1	[1]
, ,			•			
(c)	(1)		.7 (V) ecf 3 × (a)(i) correct wiring in series and connected to voltmeter		B1 B1	[1] [1]
	(ii		.9 (V) ecf = (a)(i) prrect wiring in parallel and connected to voltmeter		B1 B1	[1] [1]
4 (a)) m	easure	es all ten together and divides by ten		B1	
	5	how stops marbles moving, e.g. in a groove between two rulers 5 or more in a line shown touching each other how ends are marked, e.g. use of blocks			B1	[2]
		ternati	ive methods: s of measuring one marble can score max. 2		B1	[3]
	m	measuring all 10 and averaging			(B1)	
	se	technique, e.g. set squares/blocks with one marble circumference from: string/paper rolled round marble then \div π ink dot on marble and roll then \div π				
(b)) (i)	16.8	8(0) mm / 1.68(0) cm cao (unit required)		B1	[1]
- '	(ii)		neter (of same marble) measured more than once in diffe	rent direction(s)	B1	[1]