## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Ordinary Level

# MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

### **5070 CHEMISTRY**

5070/32

Paper 3 (Practical Test), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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1 (a) Titration [12]

Accuracy 8 marks

For the two best titres give:

- 4 marks for a value within 0.2 cm<sup>3</sup> of Supervisor
- 2 marks for a value within 0.3 cm<sup>3</sup> of Supervisor
- 1 mark for a value within 0.4 cm<sup>3</sup> of Supervisor

Concordance 3 marks

Give:

- 3 marks if all the ticked values are within 0.2 cm<sup>3</sup>
- 2 marks if all the ticked values are within 0.3 cm<sup>3</sup>
- 1 mark if all the ticked values are within 0.4 cm<sup>3</sup>

Average 1 mark

Give 1 mark if the candidate calculates a correct average (error not greater than 0.05) of all the ticked values.

Assuming a 25 cm<sup>3</sup> pipette and a titre of 24.8 cm<sup>3</sup>:

(b) concentration of iodine in P

$$=\frac{24.8\times0.1}{2\times25}$$
 (1)

 $= 0.0496 \, \text{mol/dm}^3 \, (1)$ 

Answers should be correct to + or - 1 in the third significant figure.

(c) mass of iodine in 1 dm<sup>3</sup> of P

[1]

- $= 0.0496 \times 254$
- = 12.6 g

(d) amount of iodine present in seaweed

[1]

- = 12.6 × 1000000 / 15000
- = 840 ppm

[Total: 16]

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#### 2 R is hydrochloric acid S is sodium hydroxide

Test		Notes	
Genera	points		
For ppt Allow so	olid, suspension, powder		
For gase	es f gas requires test to be at least partiall	v (	correct
	ces = bubbles = gas vigorously evolve		
Solution	s		
	ess not equivalent to clear, clear not eq	uiv	valent to colourless
Solution	R		
Test 1			
efferves	cence (1	1)	
gas turn	s limewater milky (1	1)	
carbon o	,	l)   l)	
Test 2	appears (	' /	
(a)	white ppt (1	l)	
(b)	soluble in excess (1		
	colourless solution (1	l)	
Test 3			
(a)		1)	
		1)	
		l)   l)	
	• •	(ا	
(b)	white ppt (1	1)	
		I)	
Test 4			
white pp		1)	
soluble in excess (1)			
Test 5	29 201UIIOI1 (	)	
(a)	green ppt (1 soluble in excess (1		
	green solution (1	l) l)	
(h)	green ppt (1	)	
	soluble in excess (1	1)	
	green solution (1	1)	

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Test 6		
gas turns damp litmus blue ammonia	(1) (1)	

#### **Conclusions**

Cation in **R** is hydrogen (indication of gas in test **1** or **3(a)**) (1)

Anion in **R** is chloride (white ppt in test **2(a)**) (1)

Anion in **S** is hydroxide (ammonia in test **6** or ppt in test **3(b)**, **4** or **5**) (1)

[3]

Note: 28 marking points, maximum 24.

[Total: 24]