UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Ordinary Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

5070 CHEMISTRY

5070/42

Paper 4 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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	Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2011	Syllabus 5070	Paper 42		
1	(a) 46	<u> </u>		[1]		
		s (1) rate reduces as reaction progresses (1) acid is less concentrated (1) or CaCO ₃ used (1)		[2]		
	(c) (i)	0.01 (1) moles				
	(ii)	100 (1)				
	(iii)	0.5 (1) g				
	(iv)	120 (1) cm ³ <u>or</u> 0.12 dm ³ (1) so long as units are stated.		[4]		
	(d) (i)	powdered (1) <u>or</u> <u>decrease</u> in particle size (1)				
	(ii)	increase concentration (1)		[2]		
	(e) hea	t (1) <u>or</u> use of a catalyst (1)		[1]		
				[Total: 10]		
2	(a) blue	e (1)		[1]		
	(b) (i)	B (1) (when cell A is chosen only a few of the following marks may be obtained as a consequence of the incorrect choice of cell)				
	(ii)	Copper, pink, brown or orange deposit on K (1) or K increases in size or mass (1) electrode J reduced in size or mass (1)				
	(iii)	Cu ion concentration remains the same in solution (1) $\underline{\mathbf{or}}$ Cu is removed from \mathbf{J} at same rate as deposited on \mathbf{K}	(1)	[4]		
	(c) (i)	(blue) to colourless (1) <u>or</u> colour fades (1)				
	(ii)	H (1)				
	(iii)	oxygen (1) relights a glowing splint (1)				
	(iv)	Copper, pink, brown, or orange deposit (1) or electrode g	ets thicker (1)	[5]		
				[Total: 10]		

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		GCEC	D LEVEL - May/June 2011	3070	
3	(a) (1)				[1]
4	(a) (1)				[4]
4	(c) (1)				[1]
5	(c) (1)				[1]
6	(d) (1)				[1]
_					
7	(b) (1)				[1]
					[Total: 5]
8	(a) iron(III)	cannot be evidise	ed (1) <u>or</u> is an oxidising agent (1) <u>or</u> is	not a roducina	agent (1). [1]
0	(a) 11011(111) (carmot be oxidise	su (1) <u>or</u> is all oxidising agent (1) <u>or</u> is	s not a reducing	agent (1). [1]
	(b) 5.08 (1)	g			[1]
	(c) pipette (1)			[1]
	(d) aslaumlas		to mink on mumbe (4)		[4]
	(u) colouries	ss, green or yello	w to pink or purple (1)		[1]
	(e) 26.3		47.2		
	0.0 26.3		21.6 25.6		
	1 mark fo		ow <u>or</u> column, total (3)		[4]
	ivican va	ide 25.7 (1) Gill			[ד]
	(f) 0.00046	(3) (1) moles			[1]
	(g) 0.0023 (1) moles			[1]
	(b) (i) 0.00	(1) malas			
		3 (1) moles			
	(ii) 3.50	/3.52 (1) g			[2]
	(i) 688/693	(1) g / 1000 g			[1]
	(, ====	() 3 · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			[Total: 13]
					[10(a), 13]

Mark Scheme: Teachers' version

Syllabus

Paper

Page 3

				GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2011	5070	42
9	(a)	Transition metal not present (1)				[1]
	(b)	(i)		NaOH (dilute or solution) (1) white ppt. (1) OH must be described as aqueous, dilute or in solution).	
		(ii)	exce	ess aq. NaOH (1) ppt. insoluble (1)		[4]
	(c)	no į	opt. (1) <u>or</u> slight white ppt. (1)		[1]
	(d)	NaOH (1) A l (1) warm (1) NH $_3$ (1) $\underline{\mathbf{or}}$ gas turns litmus blue (1) (Omission of NaOH $\underline{\mathbf{or}}$ A l in test (0) but NH $_3$ or gas turns litmus blue (1).) (Use of nitric acid, any nitrate or ammonium salt in test (0) even if conclusion is con				
						[Total: 10]
10	(a)	whi	te (pp	ot) (1)		[1]
	(b)	0.58	8, 1.0	95, 1.75, 2.33, 2.33, 2.33 (2) (one error 1, > 1 error 0)		[2]
	(c)	all points plotted correctly (1) Two straight lines (2) (joined by a curve (1) only)				[3]
	(d)	correct point ringed: 1.15 g /4.65 g (1) <u>or</u> 3.6 cm ³ of K (1)			[1]	
	(e)	(i)	5.2 ((1) cm ³		
		(ii)	2.33	s (1) g		
		(iii)		(1) cm ³ rks awarded based on reading of the candidate's graph	n.)	[3]
	(f)	BaC	Cl ₂ +	$H_2SO_4 \rightarrow BaSO_4 + 2HCl(1)$		[1]
	(g)	1.2	5 (1)	mol/dm ³		[1]
						[Total: 12]

Mark Scheme: Teachers' version

Syllabus

Paper

Page 4