MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2013 series

5070 CHEMISTRY

5070/32

Paper 3 (Practical Test), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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1 (a) Titration

Accuracy (max 8)

For each of the best two titres give:

- 4 marks for a value within 0.2 cm^3 of supervisor
- 2 marks for a value within 0.3 cm³ of supervisor
- 1 mark for a value within 0.4 cm³ of supervisor

Concordance (max 3)

Give:

3 marks if all the ticked values are within 0.2 cm³ 2 marks if all the ticked values are within 0.3 cm³ 1 mark if all the ticked values are within 0.4 cm³

Average (max 1)

Give 1 mark if the candidate calculates a correct average (error not greater than 0.05) of all his ticked values. (1)

[12]

[2]

Assuming a 25 cm³ pipette and a titre of 20.2 cm³

(b) concentration of phosphoric acid in P

$$=\frac{25.0\times0.10}{20.2\times2}$$
 (1)

 $= 0.0619 \times 98$ (1)

= 0.0619 (1)

Answers should be correct to + or -1 in the third significant figure.

(c) mass of phosphoric acid in $100 \,\mathrm{cm}^3$ of the rust remover

= 6.07 [1]

(d) percentage by mass of phosphoric acid in the rust remover

$$\frac{6.07}{103} \times 100 \quad (1)$$
= 5.89%
[1]
[Total: 16]

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2 R is sulfuric acid, S is copper(II) sulfate

Test		Notes			
General Points	General Points				
For ppt allow solid, suspension, powder. do not allow substance, particles, deposit, residue, sediment, gelatinous, insoluble etc. do not allow cloudy/milky/white solution etc for ppt forms but do allow cloudy/milky/white solution remains or clears for ppt remains or dissolves. do not allow solution/ppt turns colourless for ppt dissolves.					
For gases Name of gas requires test to be at least partially correct. Effervesces = bubbles = gas vigorously evolved, but not gas evolved.					
For solutions colourless not equivalent to clear, cle	ar not equiva	alent to colourless.			
Solution R					
Test 1					
(a) white ppt	(1)				
(b) insoluble in acid	(1)				
Test 2					
effervescence	(1)				
turns lime water milky (1)					
carbon dioxide (1)					
solid disappears	(1)				
Test 3					
(a) effervescence	(1)				
(b) faster effervescece	(1)				
pops with a lighted splint	(1)				
hydrogen	(1)				
brown solid (1)					

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Test 4						
(a)) blue ppt		(1)			
	dissolves in excess		(1)			
	dark blu	le solution	(1)			
(b)	blue pp	t	(1)			
	dissolve	es in excess	(1)			
	blue sol	lution	(1)			
Test 5						
(a)	blue sol	ution/no change	(1)			
(b)	dark blu	e solution	(1)			
(c)	red/brov	wn	(1)	allow for 1 mark (liquid turns)		
	solid/pp	t	(1)	yellow/green/red/brown		
Test 6						
(a)	white p	ot	(1)			
(b)	insolubl	e in acid	(1)			

Conclusions

The anion in **R** and **S** is sulfate/SO₄²⁻ (ppt remains in acid in Test 1 and Test 6) (1)

The cation in **R** is hydrogen/ H^+ (any effervescence in Test 2 or Test 3) (1)

The cation in **S** is copper/Cu²⁺ (any blue in Test 4) (1)

Note: There are 26 scoring points – any 24 to score.

[Total: 24]