

JUNE 2002

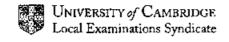
GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 25

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT:9701/3

CHEMISTRY (PRACTICAL (AS))



Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	AS Level Examinations – June 2002	9701	3

N.B. Boxed references within this marking scheme relate to the accompanying bookiet of Standing Instructions

1 Table 1.1

Give one mark if all weighings are to 2 decimal places or better.

Give **one mark** if the mass of **FA 1** in each experiment is between 3.20g and 3.50 g. (**Do not give this mark** if there is any error in subtraction or weighings are in the wrong place in the table)

If the Candidate weighs to 3 decimal places the subtraction must also be correct to 3 decimal places.

Table 1.2

Give **one mark** if all initial and final temperatures are recorded to 1 decimal place or better. (**Do not give this mark** if there is an error in subtraction or temperatures are in the wrong place in the table).

If the Candidate records temperatures to 2 decimal places the subtraction must also be correct to 2 decimal places.

Accuracy

Supervisor's Script

Check and correct any errors in subtraction in Tables 1.1 and 1.2. Calculate the average mass and average temperature rise for the Supervisor's results (**Do not round these averages**).

Use the non-rounded values to calculate Temperature rise mass of FA 1 (Work to 2 d.p.)

Record this as a ringed total on the front of the Supervisor's script.

Candidate Scripts

Check and correct any errors in subtraction.

Calculate Temperature rise for Experiment 1 and for Experiment 2.

Record each ratio, correct to 2 decimal places, above the appropriate column of Table 1.2.

Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Рарег
	AS Level Examinations – June 2002	9701	3

Question 1 contd

Accuracy continued

Precision of working between the Candidate's Experiments.

Select the appropriate column for the "average" temperature rise obtained by the Candidate.

Compare the ratios for the two experiments conducted by the candidate. Accuracy marks are awarded for differences between the ratios as follows:

Average Temperature Rise is Closest to	5 °C (or higher)	4°C	3 °C	2 °C	1 °C (or lower)		
Mark		Difference in Ratio					
4	Up to 0.05	Up to 0.04	Up to 0.03	Up to 0.02	Up to 0.01		
3	0.05+ to 0.10	0.04+ to 0.08	0.03+ to 0.06	0.02+ to 0.04	0.01+ to 0.02		
2	0.10+ to 0.15	0.08+ to 0.12	0.06+ to 0.09	0.04+ to 0.06	0.02+ to 0.03		
1	0.15+ to 0.20	0.12+ to 0.16	0.09+ to 0.12	0.06+ to 0.08	0.03+ to 0.04		
0	> 0.20	> 0.16	> 0.12	> 0.08	> 0.04		

Precision of working between the Candidate and Supervisor.

Select the appropriate column for the "average" temperature rise obtained by the Candidate.

Record, as a ringed total, the calculated Temperature rise for the Supervisor under Table 1.2

Compare this average ratio with the closer of the two ratios for the experiments conducted by the candidate.

Accuracy marks are awarded for differences between the ratios as follows:

Average Temperature Rise is Closest to	5 °C (or higher)	4 °C	3°C	2°C	1 °C (or lower)		
Mark		Difference in Ratio					
4	Up to 0.05	Up to 0.04	Up to 0.03	Up to 0.02	Up to 0.01		
3	0.05+ to 0.10	0.04+ to 0.08	0.03+ to 0.06	0.02+ to 0.04	0.01+ to 0.02		
2	0.10+ to 0.15	0.08+ to 0.12	0.06+ to 0.09	0.04+ to 0.06	0.02+ to 0.03		
1	0.15+ to 0.20	0.12+ to 0.16	0.09+ to 0.12	0.06+ to 0.08	0.03+ to 0.04		
0	> 0.20	> 0.16	> 0.12	> 0.08	> 0.04		

4

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	AS Level Examinations – June 2002	9701	3

Question 1 continued

In all calculations, ignore evaluation errors if working is shown

(f) Give one mark for 50 x 4.3 x (average temperature rise calculated in (e))

The final answer must show the correct units - J or kJ (ignore mol⁻¹)

(g) Give one mark for $\frac{\text{answer to (f) in kJ}}{59.5}$ or $\frac{\text{answer to (f) in J}}{59.500}$

Do not award this mark if (J / kJ) units are inconsistent

Ignore any unit given in the final answer (e.g. g)

1

2

- (h) Give one mark for $\frac{\text{average mass from (d)}}{\text{answer to (g)}}$ (need not be evaluated)
 - Give one mark for calculated M_r 60 (60 must be used, the answer evaluated and there must be no units in the final answer)

Total for Question 1 1

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Рарег
	AS Level Examinations – June 2002	9701	3

2 FA 3 is a solution containing Al³⁺, (Na⁺), SO₄²⁺, Br⁻

	Test	Observations	Deductions	
(2)	To 4 cm depth of FA 3 in a boiling- tube, add the contents of the tube marked sodium carbonate	Gas turns lime water milky [1]	Solution is acidic/an acid/ H* present [1] (allow from CO ₂ , effervescence, fizzing or test for CO ₂)	2
	<u> </u>		(not from bubbles or gas)	
(b)	Place 1 cm depth of FA 3 in a test tube and add an equal depth of dilute nitric acid.			
	Add aqueous barium nitrate.	(Permanent) White precipitate [1]	Sulphate [1]	2
{c}	Place 1 cm depth of FA 3 in a test tube and add an equal depth of dilute nitric acid. Add aqueous silver nitrate, followed by dilute aqueous	Cream or cream/white precipitate No yellow		
	ammonia.	Ppt. is partially soluble or insoluble (both obs needed) [1] (Ignore colour change of the ppt on adding ammonia)	Bromide (from both obs) [1]	2
(d)	To 2 cm depth of FA 3 in a test- lube, add ditute sodium hydroxide.	White precipitate, soluble in excess / additional sodium hydroxide (both observations needed) [1]	Pb ^{2*} , Al ^{3*} , Zn ^{2*} All three needed [1]	2
(0)	To 2 cm depth of FA 3 in a test- tube, add dilute aqueous ammonía.	White precipitate, insoluble in excess / additional ammonia (both observations needed) [1]	Both Pb ²⁺ and Al ³⁺ (Ignore Mg ²⁺) or Zn ²⁺ absent (if deduction mark given in (d)) or Al ³⁺ present (if mentioned in (a))	2
(f)	To 2 cm depth of FA 3 in a test- tube, add dilute hydrochloric acid.	No reaction /nNo precipitate / no change / remains colourless / remains clear	Not Pb ²⁺ or Al ³⁺ present (Ignore anions)	
		Do not allow if ppt appears and then disappears	Both observation and deduction required	1

Summary

FA 3 contains the cation

Al³⁺

and the anions

SO₄² and Br

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Total of 12 scoring points