GCE Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the June 2005 question paper

9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/02

Paper 2 (Structured Questions), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. This shows the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

• CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the June 2005 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



Grade thresholds for Syllabus 9701 (Chemistry) in the June 2005 examination.

| | maximum | minimum mark required for grade: | | | |
|-------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|----|----|--|
| | mark available | А | В | E | |
| Component 2 | 60 | 48 | 42 | 27 | |

The thresholds (minimum marks) for Grades C and D are normally set by dividing the mark range between the B and the E thresholds into three. For example, if the difference between the B and the E threshold is 24 marks, the C threshold is set 8 marks below the B threshold and the D threshold is set another 8 marks down. If dividing the interval by three results in a fraction of a mark, then the threshold is normally rounded down.



June 2005

GCE A AND AS LEVEL

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 60

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 9701/02

CHEMISTRY Paper 2 (Structured Questions)



| | Page 1 | | Mark S | | | | Syllabus | Paper |
|---|---------|--|--------------------------------|------------------------|----------------|-----------|-------------------|------------|
| | | | A and AS LEVE | L – JUNE | 2005 | | 9701 | 2 |
| 1 | (a) | same proton no./atomic no./no. of protons different mass no./nucleon no./no. of neutrons | | | | | (1) (1) | [2] |
| | (b) | | | | | | | |
| | | | | numbe | r of | | | |
| | | isotope | protons | neutro | ns | electrons | _ | |
| | | ⁵⁶ Fe ⁵⁹ Co | 26 | 30 | | 26 | | |
| | | 0 | <u>27</u> (1) | <u>32</u> (1) | | <u> </u> | | |
| | | | (-) | (-) | | (-) | | |
| | | give one mark for allow (1) if no colu | | | v is co | rrect | | [3] |
| | (c) (i) | weighted mean/aw of an <u>atom</u> (not ele compared with ¹² C one atom of ¹² C h | ement) ; as a mass of ex | xactly 12 | | | (1) (1) (1) | |
| | | [relative to $1/_{12}$ th the | e mass of a ^r C | atom woi | uld get | : 2] | | |
| | | mass of 1 mol of a | tomo | | | | (4) | |
| | | compared with ¹² C | | | | | (1) (1) | |
| | | 1 mol of ¹² C has a | | | | | (1) | |
| | (ii) | $A_{\rm r} = \frac{54 \times 5.84 + 56}{100}$ | | <u>k 2.17</u> | | | (1) | |
| | | = <u>5573.13</u> = 55. 100 | 7 to 3 sf | | | | (1) | |
| | | allow 55.9 if A _r is c | alculated using | 99.69 ins | stead c | of 100 | | [5] |
| | | | | | | | ſ | Total: 10] |
| 2 | (a) | 1 S + $O_2 \rightarrow S$ | O ₂ | | | | (1) | |
| | () | 2 $2SO_2 + O_2 =$ | | equil | (1) | equation | (1) | |
| | | 3 SO ₃ + H ₂ O - | | | | | (1) | |
| | | Allow sequences t and include H_2S_2C | | | | | | |
| | | Equilibrium mark i the SO ₂ /SO ₃ equa | | ⇔ <u>only</u> ap | opears | in | | [4] |
| | (b) | vanadium pentoxi | de/vanadium(V) |) oxide/V ₂ | O ₅ | | (1) | [1] |
| | (c) (i) | | | | | | | |
| | (c) (i) | $H^{x}_{o}S^{oo}_{oo}{}^{x}H$ | | | | | (1) | |
| | (ii) | non-linear/bent/V- | shaped | | | | (1) | |

| Page 2 | | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
|--------|------------------|---|------------|------------|
| | | A and AS LEVEL – JUNE 2005 | 9701 | 2 |
| | | ₂O has hydrogen bonds/H₂S does not <u>or</u> ₂S has van der Waals' forces only | (1) | |
| | th H | /drogen bonds are stronger an van der Waals' forces <u>or</u> ₂S has weaker intermolecular bonds an H₂O | (1) | [4] |
| | fr | $H_2S + 3O_2 \rightarrow 2H_2O + 2SO_2$ om -2 (1) to +4 low e.c.f. on equation | (1) (1) | |
| | 8 | 3.2g H ₂ S react with 3 x 24 dm ³ O ₂ 65g H ₂ S react with $3 \times 24 \times 8.65 = 9.13 \text{ dm}^3$ 68.2 | (1) (1) | |
| | | low 9.16 dm ³ if H ₂ S = 68 is used low e.c.f on (d)(i) | | [5] |
| | (e) (i) a | n acid that is partially dissociated into ions | (1) | |
| | (ii) H | $_2S(g) + H_2O(I) \rightarrow H_3O^+(aq) + HS^-(aq)$ | | |
| | <u>0</u> | | | |
| | Н | $_2S(g) + aq \rightarrow H^+(aq) + HS^-(aq)$ | | |
| | <u> 0</u> | | | |
| | | $_{2}S(aq) \rightarrow H^{+}(aq) + HS^{-}(aq)$ quation (1) state symbols (1) | | [3] |
| | | | רז | 「otal: 17] |
| 3 | B C D | $\begin{array}{l} MgSO_4 \\ MgCI_2 \\ MgCO_3 \\ MgO \\ Mg(OH)_2 \\ Mg(NO_3)_2 \end{array}$ | | |
| | A | ccept name or formula | (0 4) | 101 |

| but penalise when name and formula do not agree | (6 x 1) | [6] |
|---|---------|-----|
| | (••••) | L-1 |

| Page 3 | 3 | | Mark Scheme | | Syllabus | Paper |
|--------|-----|--|--|-----------|------------|----------|
| | | | A and AS LEVEL – JUNE 2005 | | 9701 | 2 |
| (b) (| i) | Mg to cpd | ۸ | | | |
| (5) (| | | $SO_4 \rightarrow MgSO_4 + H_2$ | | (1) | |
| | | MgCO ₃ – | \rightarrow MgO + CO ₂ | | (1) | |
| | | cpd F to c 2Mg(NO ₃) | $p_2 \rightarrow 2MgO + 4NO_2 + O_2$ | | (1) | [3] |
| (| ii) | Mg(OH) ₂ | \rightarrow MgO + H ₂ O | | (1) | [1] |
| | | | | | [] | otal: 10 |
| (a) (| i) | stage I | Cl₂/chlorine uvl/sunlight | | (1) (1) | |
| | | stage II | KCN heat in ethanol | | (1) (1) | |
| (| ii) | stage III | Br ₂ uvl/sunlight | | (1) (1) | [6] |
| (b) | | stage IV | H₂SO₄(aq)/HC <i>l</i> (aq) <u>or</u> NaOH(aq) followed by H ⁺ heat/reflux | | (1) (1) | |
| | | stage V | NaOH(aq) heat | | (1) (1) | [4] |
| (c) (| | | atom in a molecule attached to ent atoms or groups of atoms | | (1) | |
| (| ii) | | Br | Br/OH | | |
| | | | $\mathbf{R} - \mathbf{C} - \mathbf{C}:\mathbf{N}$ or | R—C—C | C = O | |

| correct cpd correctly displayed one correct isomer shown as 3D | (1) (1) | |
|---|------------|-----|
| both isomers shown in mirror object/mirror image arrangement | (1) | [4] |

[Total: 13 max]

| | Page 4 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
|---|-----------|---|------------|------------|
| | | A and AS LEVEL – JUNE 2005 | 9701 | 2 |
| 5 | (a) (| C:H:O = $\frac{66.7}{12}$: $\frac{11.1}{1}$: $\frac{22.2}{16}$ | (1) | |
| | | = 5.56 : 11.1 : 1.39 | | |
| | | = 4 : 8 : 1 | | |
| | (| $C_4H_8O = 72$ molecular formula = C_4H_8O | (1) | [2] |
| | (b) (i) | presence of C=C/alkene/unsaturated | (1) | |
| | (ii) - | -OH group (in -CO ₂ H <u>or</u> -OH) present | (1) | [2] |
| | (c) (i) a | aldehyde/ketone/carbonyl | (1) | |
| | (ii) | primary alcohol | (1) | [2] |
| | · · · | restricted rotation about a C = C bond two different groups on each side of C = C | (1) (1) | [2] |
| | (e) | H C=C CH ₂ OH | | |
| | | | | |
| | | one fully correct structure | (1) | |
| | | two fully correct structures with correctly labelled <u>cis-trans</u> | (1) | |
| | | allow (1) for correctly labelled <u>cis-trans</u> structures that are C_4H_8O but incorrect | | [2] |
| | | | ſ | Total: 10] |