UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Ordinary Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2007 question paper

5090 BIOLOGY

5090/02

Paper 2 (Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2007 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



			•	
1	(a)	sepal(s) / calyx (R petal, A labels on diagram)	,	[1]
	(b)	A / left hand flower + stamen(s) / anthers / pollen / androecium (A negatives ref. female parts named)	;	[1]
	(c)	(i) <u>insect</u> (no marks for (ii) if wrong, but mark (ii) if 'animal' or blank.) (if they say self- or cross-pollination, A one mark max. for reasons which must refer to <u>named</u> sexual part)	;	
		mark the first, one per line – any two from: filaments or stamens or anthers + short or protected AW, stigma protected AW, large petals, (nectar) guides, stigma + lumpy / compact AW / not feathery AW, (landing) platform AW	,	[3]
		(ii) mtf,opl, any two from : scent AW, colour / bright AW, nectar, pollen grains rough or sticky	••	[2]
	(d)	cross-pollination or explanation	;	
		alleles / genes + (2) parents / plants	;	
		variation (in offspring)	;	
		colonisation of different habitats / wider distribution / prevents overcrowding / less competition	• •	
		adaptation / natural selection /evolution or described or named e.g. (e.g. resistance) (R references to new species)	; [m	ax 3]
2	(a)	large surface area (to volume ratio) / long / thin	•	[1]
	(b)	D <u>villus/i</u> (R microvillus) (or fats for one mark)	,	[1]

Mark Scheme

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Syllabus

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[2]

[1]

[2]

mtf,opl, any **two** from: amino acids, fatty acids, glycerol, glucose, ions AW (or named e.g.), drugs/toxins, water, vitamins (or named e.g.),

ions / salts / minerals / named ion / oxygen (R nitrogen)

E root hair (cell)

(in either order) water

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(c)	(i)		ure drawn and labelled (A on extra diagram) nitochondria / nucleus, but A reasons – see later)		; [1]
	(ii)	(mer parti only	se must both be for the same feature for 2 marks, but then 0 for label. mbrane) living ally permeable AW selected molecules enter vs osmosis or described (R diffusion)	if they do not ma	atch the label, ; ; ; ;
	OR	(ccw toug help	ve transport y) permeable h / flexible s keep shape of cell part played in turgor AW		; [max 2] ; ; ; ; [max 2]
	OR	cont for w	sap / vacuole / cytoplasm) ains concentrated solution / ref. concentration gradient vater entry smosis / diffusion		; ; ; [max 2]
	OR	ref. r	cytoplasm / mitochondria) respiration / energy release active transport		; ; [2]
	OR	cont	leus) – for one mark only rols cell activites AW .c.f. for villus)		; [1]
3 (a)	(i)	more	e transpiration / water lost from lower surface or v.v.		; [1]
	(ii)	wate	oints anywhere) erproof AW ele / (waxy) layer AW (must be ref. upper) (R skin)		; ; ;
			ect ref. stomata / pores on upper or lower surface ase of <u>water</u> (vapour) (A only if stomata ref. has been	made)	; ; [max 4]
(b)	pap (we	er / s t) fing	ny two from: lide / leaf surface not properly dry, touched with gers, damaged vein / xylem in leaf, slow to set up expt. ng, any reasonable <i>qualified</i> student error		;; [2]
(c)	take	e an a	experiment more times / repeat average expt. on another similar leaf (R leaf of different species)	; ; ; [max 1]
(d)			nloride paper on bench AW takes less time to change)		; ; [2]

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4	(a)	(i)	carb	ohydrate / sugar / glucose / maltose / sucrose / starch		•	
		(ii)	prote	ein / amino acids (vitamins / ions etc.)		;	[2]
	(b)	incubate / oven / suitable location optimum / increased / suitable + temperature or stated (25 – 50 °C) suitable pH correct ref. enzymes		; ; ; ; [ı	max 2]		
	(c)	(i)	<u>H</u>			;	[1]
		(ii)		erium (or suitable, named e.g. <i>Streptococcus</i>) piotics effective against bacteria AW		;	[2]
	(d)	bac bec anti	teria come ibiotic	for virus) or microorganisms mutate resistant to antibiotic (R immune) too readily prescribed / available not completing course		; ; ; ; [ı	max 3]
5	(a)			hagus / gullet num / small intestine		· ·	[2]
	(b)	pro fibre	tein – e – al	almost the same less most the same ymbols, but R more than one per line)		· · · ·	[3]
	(c)	(i)	to ar	sted / changed / broken down / ref. enzyme action mino acids / (poly)peptides AW orption (available only with ref. amino acids)		; ; ; [ı	max 2]
		(ii)	no s ref. o there	n / rectum / large intestine uitable enzyme / not digested cellulose / lignin efore no absorption / egested as faeces / used in peris Il other things, or named substances, are absorbed)	talsis	; ; ;	max 3]

[Maximum mark for Section A: 50]

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6	(a)	Q (A so long as Q or R are mentioned – if no ref Q or R , max 2 for each)		
		eaten as <u>proteins</u>	;	
		ref. urine / faeces AW (I excretion refs. re. faeces)	;	
		urea (ore)	,	
		(ers) decompos(ition) / decay / putrefaction or described		
		nitrification or described	,	
		correct ref. bacteria / fungi or named	,	
		nitrates + proteins + plants		
		(max 5 marks from above)	,	
		R carbon dioxide	;	
		from combustion AW	•	
		respiration (R if ref. only to oxygen)	;	
		photosynthesis + carbohydrates / named carbohydrate	;	
		(A on word equation)		
				[max 7]
	<i>(</i> 1.)			
	(a)	two from:		
		an oxide of nitrogen, SO ₂ , CO ₂ , CO,	;;	
		one from:		
		acid rain (for N _x O _y or SO ₂ or CO ₂) / global warming or greenhouse		
		effect AW (for CO ₂ or CO) / CO + ref. carboxyhaemoglobin	:	[3]
			,	r-1
			[To	tal: 10]
7	(2)	(R any examples which do not come from the circulatory system, mark the first in	a lie	+ \
•	(a)	(It any examples which do not come from the circulatory system, mark the mist in	ı a iis	i. <i>)</i>
		(i) blood cell / any correct named e.g.	,	
		(ii) muscle or correct named e.g. (A blood / capillary)	;	
		(iii) heart / blood vessel or named (R capillary)		[3]
		(iii) Heart, blood vessel of Harried (it supmary)	,	[0]
	(b)	hepatic artery (A name, disregard context)	;	
		carries more / most oxygen / oxygenated blood		
		more or ref. to being used or destroyed in the liver + insulin / glucagon /	,	
		adrenaline / hormones	;	
		hepatic vein (A name, disregard context)	,	
		carries carbon dioxide / deoxygenated (A with ref. HPV)	;	
		urea / ref. more amino acids in hepatic artery	;	
		any reasonable ref. to comparative numbers of RBCs + named blood vessel	;	
		(hepatic) portal vein / HPV (A name, disregard context)	;	
		#digested foods / any named #ions / witomins / wester	;	
		#ions / vitamins / water	;	[mov 7]
		any correct ref. to glucose levels in hepatic artery / vein (#both marks require a ref. somewhere to direction of blood flow)	,	[max 7]
		(both marks require a ref. somewhere to direction of blood now)		
			-	4-1. 401

8E ((a)	externally administered substance AW / chemical which modifies / changes / affects metabolism / chemical reactions in the body AW (could be of bacteria)	; ; ; [max 2]
	(b)	(alcohol) reduces self-control / removes inhibitions depressant / ref. nervous system slower reaction times or any named effect liver damage / cirrhosis / other named condition *expense *social implications / crime (heroin) depressant / ref. nervous system *addiction / greater quantities for same effect / habituation / tolerance withdrawal symptoms AW needle-sharing AIDS / hepatitis (Points marked * score either for alcohol or for heroin)	; ; ; ; ; ;	max 8]
			[Tot	al: 10]
80 ((a)	nicotine *craving / addiction / agglutination or clotting of RBCs / increased blood pressure / increased heart rate / vasoconstriction / increased blood fat / atheroma AW / arteriosclerosis / effect on fetus (*All must be with ref. nicotine)	;	
		$\underline{\text{tar}}$ decreased O_2 uptake (must be with ref. tar) lung or any named correct form of cancer caused by tar	· · ·	
		CO decreased O ₂ carriage (must be related to CO)	;	
		points not tied to any particular constituent: emphysema / bronchitis / cough / destruction of cilia heart disease / heart attack / stroke / atheroma (if not given above) less O ₂ to fetus miscarriage / small / underweight babies (R underdeveloped)	; ; ; ; [max 8]
((b)	smell / eye discomfort ref. passive smoking or described risk to health of non-smoker / ref. litter	; ; ; [max 2]
			[Tot	al: 10]

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