## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2013 series

## **5090 BIOLOGY**

5090/22

Paper 2 (Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



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Mark schemes will use these abbreviations:

0 0	; /	separates marking points alternatives
0	0	contents of brackets are not required but should be implied
0	R	reject
0	Α	accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or guidance for examiners)
0	AW	alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)
0	AVP	alternative valid point (where a greater than usual variety of responses is expected)
0	ORA	or reverse argument

- **<u>underline</u>** actual word underlined must be used by candidate (grammatical variants excepted)
- **max** indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given
- + statements on both sides of the + are needed for that mark

	Expected Answer		Clarification
1 (a) (i)	epidermal / epidermis;	1	
(ii)	(ii) arrow shown clearly pointing to / or passing through stoma;		A arrow head on either end
(b) stoma shown clearly more closed than in Fig. 1.1;		1	R any view other than surface view
	<b>any 3</b> correctly identified and labelled features from: nucleus; vacuole / cell sap; cytoplasm; chloroplast; cell wall; cell membrane; vacuolar membrane / tonoplast;	Max 3	Ignore mitochondrion / ribosome

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(c)	(13 *al (* a ref. mir (01 cor	100  hrs) *allows C llows O <sub>2</sub> to be related by ONE for ref. to water loss / transmission to the leaf	eased; gaseous exchange); anspiration + cooling / bringing water or ions or ) / from the soil; / reduces / stops + transpiration / loss of water;	Max 5	R water loss for control	temperature regulation /
				[Total: 11]		

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2 (a)	any 2 from: #duodenum / small #ileum / small intest #colon / large intest (# OR intestine for o kidney; pancreas; liver; gall bladder; spleen; named blood vesse	ne*; ne; ne mark)	Max 2	*credit (small in	testine) once only.
(b)	bacteria / virus / fun (stomach contents) (and/or) enzyme / p destroys / kills / ref colony implied);	Max 3	Ignore germs		
(c)	diaphragm (damage correct volume / pr air drawn in / out th lungs / alveoli dama	cles (damage or action); e or action); essure reference; rough hole;	Max 5		
			[Total: 10]		

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3 (a) (i)	bacteria / Rhizobium;	1	
(ii)	nitrogen <u>from the air</u> / <u>atmosphere;</u> converts / changes / fixes; (into) ammonium ions / salts / compounds; (into) amino acids / proteins;	Max 3	R first two marks with incorrect bacteria R oxidised R ammonia
(b)	artificial selection / selective breeding; over many years / generations / repetition; selecting plants with <u>largest</u> flower spikes; and <u>most colourful</u> flowers; cross (breeding/ pollinating/ fertilising) / hybridisation; genetic engineering;	5	Ignore refs self- R if between species
(c)	any two from: temperature; oxygen; carbon dioxide; water; soil fertility / lack of nutrients / nutrition; different genetic makeup / mutation; wind;	Max 2	R any reference to 'high' AW for first 5 points Ignore light Ignore any additional (numbered) lines
		[Total: 11]	

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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4 (a)	<u>kidney;</u>	1	
(b) (i)	C – renal artery / aorta; E – <u>pulmonary artery;</u>	2	No e.c.f. in this instance
(ii)	right atrium/auricle; right ventricle;	2	
(c)	C	F	Ignore refs. to $O_2/CO_2$ waste products
	blood +	urine;	
	(a named) cells / platelets / + no cells / j plasma	platelets / plasma;	
	protein/antibodies + / amino acids / fats	none;	
	lower urea concentration / higher ure	a concentration;	
	glucose + no	glucose;	
	fewer salts / ions / less water / more / salt	s or ions / water;	Ignore minerals
	more hormones / vitamins / fewer horr	nones / vitamins; Max 4	
		[Total: 9]	

Page 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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5	(a)	biotechnology / fermentation / culturing;	1	
	(b)	to control / lower / the temperature;	1	A maintain
	(c) <u>enzymes;</u> prevention of denaturation / destruction / prevents death of fungus / microorganism / bacterium; optimum / best / better / + for growth / reproduction; high(er) yield;		2	
(d)		<ul> <li>any ref. sterile;</li> <li>(H) for introduction of microorganism or named;</li> <li>and food / nutrients / culture medium;</li> <li>e.g. amino acids / protein / carbohydrates or named;</li> <li>(J) for introduction of air / oxygen;</li> <li>bubbles / large surface area (as O<sub>2</sub> passes through grille) / sparger;</li> <li>for respiration;</li> </ul>	Max 5	Ignore refs to stirring
			[Total: 9]	

	Page 8	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
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6 (a)	<ol> <li>addition / availability of carbon dioxide;</li> <li>controlled / optimum AW temperature (or any reasonable stated temperature);</li> <li>ref. light (intensity);</li> <li>ref. blinds during day / artificial lights (at night time);</li> <li>keep well supplied with water / ref. irrigation / humidity control;</li> <li>addition of fertiliser / any named ion / pH control / hydroponic techniques ;</li> <li>nitrate + protein manufacture / magnesium + chlorophyll production;</li> <li>photosynthesis (A anywhere relevant);</li> <li>growth;</li> <li>maximum rate / day and night / 24 hrs per day ;</li> <li>pest control;</li> <li>protection from (adverse) climatic factors or any named AW;</li> </ol>		Max 7	Ignore refs. to o A any named io R chloroplasts Must be ref. P/	on + function
(b)	limited <u>genetic</u> variation can pollinate only with with plants outside;	rieties of the species; on; plants in the building / cannot cross pollinate of pollination / wind / insects;	Max 3	R isolation fron A fertilisation fo	
			[Total: 10]		

		Page 9	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
			GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2013	5090	22	
7	antibodies of 2. carbohydrate 3. fats + for ene 4. named mine 5. named vitam 6. fibre / rougha		th / repair / production of protoplasm or /mes or hormones; nore names) + for energy; insulation / solvent (e.g. for some vitamins); on + function*; function*; ← effective digestive transit AW; ' other correct use;	Max 6	Ignore refs. energy do not penalise for refs to energy production *Disallow if function is incorrect for named component.	
		(diabetic) reduced carbohydrate / sugar or named ; digestion / breakdown to glucose; lack of insulin / cells do not take up glucose / no glucose to glycogen; high <u>blood</u> sugar / glucose;			Ignore ref. fats	
		(heart patient) reduc animal/saturated (fa deposition on / in art of heart / coronary; increased blood pre	t); ery / atheroma / atherosclerosis;	Max 2	R no fat Ignore refs. to Deposition may Ignore refs. to	y be of cholesterol
				[Total: 10]		

	Page 10	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
		GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2013	5090	22	
8 (a)	a <u>chemical</u> ; released into / carried by the blood; to affect a <u>target organ;</u> destroyed in the liver;				
(b)	<ol> <li>for sperm / male g</li> <li>2ndry sexual chara</li> <li>(female) oestroger</li> <li>development / rele</li> <li>2ndry sexual chara</li> <li>equipment / rele</li> <li>2ndry sexual chara</li> <li>repairs uterus linin</li> <li>progesterone + pro</li> <li>maintenance of ute</li> <li>inhibition of ovula</li> <li>LH / luteinising he</li> <li>triggers ovulation</li> </ol>	acteristics (or one named); n + ovary; ase of an ovum / egg ; acteristics (or one named); g / inhibits production of FSH; oduced in ovary/ corpus luteum / placenta; erus lining;	Max 7	(male) Max 2 A production Function must b hormone Ignore refs. uter (female) Max 5	e linked to correct ine wall (x2)
			[Total: 10]		

	Page 11	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
		GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2013	5090	22	
9 (a)	GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2013         1. join arteries to veins;         2. walls + thin / one-cell thick / elastic;         3. allow passage of (tissue) fluid / plasma / permeable;         4. microscopic / pass easily between cells / large surface area / narrow lumen;         5. pressure reduction (along capillary);         6. ref. diffusion;         7. to / from + cells / tissues;         8. any 2 of the following:         (may be carried, passed in / out)         glucose,         amino acids,         oxygen,         CO2,         hormones,         urea,         ions / salts,		Max 5		are one cell thick')
(b) (i)	antibodies / antitox	es / dead cells / pathogens / microorganisms /	Max 3	Ignore germs A ref. immune	e system / immunity
(ii)	(platelets) plug dan fibrinogen; to fibrin; <u>clot</u> ting; ref. antithrombin / p thrombokinase;	naged vessels; prothrombin / thrombin / thromboplastin /	Max 2	R fibres	
			[Total: 10]		