MARK SCHEME for the March 2016 series

9702 PHYSICS

9702/22

Paper 2 (AS Level Structured Questions), maximum raw mark 60

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			Cambridge International AS/A Level – March 2016	9702	22
1	(a)	me	tre rule/tape measure		B1
	(b)	(i)	$v = [(1.8 \times 126 \times 10^{-2}) / 5.1 \times 10^{-3}]^{1/2}$ = 21.1 (m s ⁻¹)		C1 A1
		(ii)	percentage uncertainty = 4% or fractional uncertainty = 0.04 $\Delta v = 0.04 \times 21.1$		C1
			= 0.84 $v = 21.1 \pm 0.8 (\mathrm{ms^{-1}})$		C1 A1
2	(a)	cha	ange in velocity/time (taken) or rate of change of velocity		B1
	(b)	(i)	$v_{\rm X} = (24/1.5) = 16 ({\rm ms^{-1}})$		A1
		(ii)	tan $28^{\circ} = v_Y / v_X$ or $v_X = v \cos 28^{\circ}$ and $v_Y = v \sin 28^{\circ}$ $v_Y = 16 \tan 28^{\circ}$ or $v_Y = 16 \times (\sin 28^{\circ} / \cos 28^{\circ})$ so $v_Y = 8.5 (\text{m s}^{-1})$		C1 A1
		(iii)	v = u + at t = (0 - 8.5)/(-9.81)		C1
			= 0.87 (s)		A1
		(iv)	straight line from positive $v_{\rm Y}$ at $t = 0$ to negative $v_{\rm Y}$ at $t = 1.5$ s line starts at (0, 8.5) and crosses <i>t</i> -axis at (0.87, 0) and does not go	beyond <i>t</i> =	M1 1.5s. A1
	(c)	(i)	$(v^2 = u^2 + 2as)$ $0 = 8.5^2 + 2(-9.81)s$ or $(s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2)$ $s = 8.5 \times 0.87 + \frac{1}{2} \times (-9.81) \times 0.87^2$ or $(s = vt - \frac{1}{2}at^2)$ $s = 0 - \frac{1}{2} \times (-9.81) \times 0.87^2$ or $(s = \frac{1}{2}(u + v)t$ or area under graph) $s = 0.5 \times 8.5 \times 0.87$		C1
			<i>s</i> = 3.7 (m)		A1
		(ii)	$\Delta E_{\rm P} = mg\Delta h \qquad (allow E = mgh)$ m = 22 / (9.81 × 3.7)		C1
			= 0.61 (kg)		A1
	(d)	acceleration (of freefall) is unchanged/not dependent on mass, and so maximum height) or explanation in terms of energy:		no effect (o	n
		•	tial) KE ∞ mass, (Δ)KE = (Δ)PE, (max) PE ∞ mass, and so effect (on maximum height)		B1
3	(a)	(i)	(work =) force \times distance <u>moved</u> in the direction of the force.		B1
		(ii)	the energy stored (in an object) due to extension/compression/cha	ange of sha	pe B1
	(b)	(i)	$E_{\rm K} = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 = 0.5 \times 0.40 \times 0.30^2$		C1
			$= 1.8 \times 10^{-2} (J)$		A1

Ρ	age :	3	Mark Scheme Syllabus	Paper
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	(ii)		(change in) kinetic energy = work done on spring/(change in) elastic potential $1.8 \times 10^{-2} = \frac{1}{2} \times F \times 0.080$ $F_{MAX} = 0.45$ (N)	energy C1 C1 A1
		(iii)	a = F/m = 0.45/0.40 = 1.1 (m s ⁻²)	A1
		(iv)	1. constant velocity/resultant force is zero, so in equilibrium	B1
			2. decelerating/resultant force is not zero, so not in equilibrium	B1
	(c)		ved line from the origin n decreasing gradient	M1 A1
4	(a)	(i)	Displacement of particles perpendicular to direction of energy propagation	B1
		(ii)	wave <u>s</u> meet/overlap (at a point) (resultant) displacement is sum of the individual displacements	B1 B1
	(b)	(i)	$\lambda = vT$ or $\lambda = v/f$ and $f = 1/T$ $\lambda = 4.0 \times 1.5$ $\lambda = 6.0$ (cm)	C1 A1
		(ii)	path difference [= $(44 \text{ cm} - 29 \text{ cm})/6 \text{ cm}$] = 2.5λ	M1
		()	either waves have path difference = $(n + \frac{1}{2})\lambda$	M1
			so destructive interference	A1
	(c)	(i)	intensity \propto (amplitude) ² ratio = (0.60 ² /0.90 ²) = 0.44	C1 A1
		(ii)	phase difference = 90°	A1
5	(a)	(i)	movement/flow of charge carriers	B1
		(ii)	work (done) or energy (transformed)(from electrical to other forms) charge	B1
	(b)	(i)	p.d. across one lamp = $2.5 V$ resistance = [(8.7 - 7.5)/0.3]/2 = $2.0 (\Omega)$	C1 A1
		(ii)	straight line through the origin with gradient of 0.5	M1 A1

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(iii)	$P = I^{2}R \text{or } P = VI \text{ and } V = IR \text{or } P = V^{2} / R \text{ and } V = IR$ = 0.30 ² × 2.0 = 0.60 × 0.30 = 0.60 ² / 2.0 = 0.18 (W)	2	C1 A1
(iv)	1 $R = \rho l / A$ $l = (2.0 \times 0.40 \times 10^{-6}) / 1.7 \times 10^{-8}$		C1
	= 47 (m)		A1
	2 $I = Anvq$ $v = 0.30 / (0.40 \times 10^{-6} \times 8.5 \times 10^{28} \times 1.6 \times 10^{-19})$ $= 5.5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ (m s}^{-1})$		C1 A1
6 (a)	1 1		B1
	β^- and ${}^0_0 \overline{\nu}$		B1
–1			Ы
(b) ar	n (electron) antineutrino		B1
(c) le	pton(s)		B1
(d) (i	down, down, up/ddu		B1
(ii)	a down/d (quark) changes to an up/u (quark) or ddu \rightarrow uud		B1