

# **Cambridge International Examinations**

International AS & A Level	Cambr	ridge Inte	ernational	Advanced Subsidia	ry and Advanced Lo	evel
CANDIDATE NAME						
CENTRE NUMBER					CANDIDATE NUMBER	
PHYSICS						9702/33
Paper 3 Advar	nced Pra	ctical Ski	lls 1		Od	ctober/November 2015
						2 hours
Candidates an	swer on	the Ques	tion Paper			
Additional Mate	erials:	As liste	ed in the C	Confidential Instructions	S.	
DEADTHESE	INICTOLI	ICTIONS	EIDET			

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

### Answer both questions.

You will be allowed to work with the apparatus for a maximum of one hour for each question.

You are expected to record all your observations as soon as these observations are made, and to plan the presentation of the records so that it is not necessary to make a fair copy of them.

You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.

Electronic calculators may be used.

You may lose marks if you do not show your working or if you do not use appropriate units.

Additional answer paper and graph paper should be used only if it becomes necessary to do so.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

For Examiner's Use	
1	
2	
Total	

This document consists of 12 printed pages.



## You may not need to use all of the materials provided.

- 1 In this experiment, you will investigate the equilibrium of a wooden rod.
  - (a) Set up the apparatus as shown in Fig. 1.1.

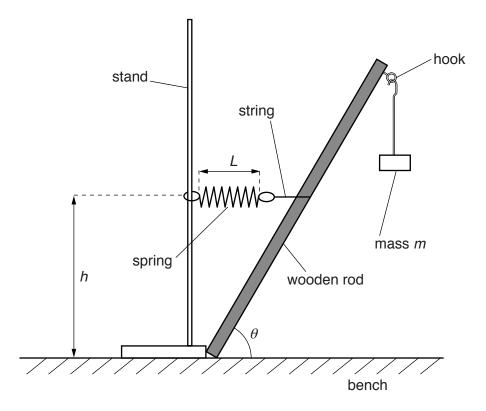


Fig. 1.1

The mass m should be 60g. The string should be approximately half-way along the wooden rod. The spring should be horizontal.

<b>(b) (i)</b> Measure and record the length L of the coiled part o	of the spring
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*L* = ......[1]

(ii) Measure and record the height *h* of the loop of the spring above the bench.

h = .....

(iii) Measure and record the angle  $\theta$  between the wooden rod and the bench.

 $\theta$  = .....°

۱_۱	Ob			00 -
C	Change	mass	m to	80 g.

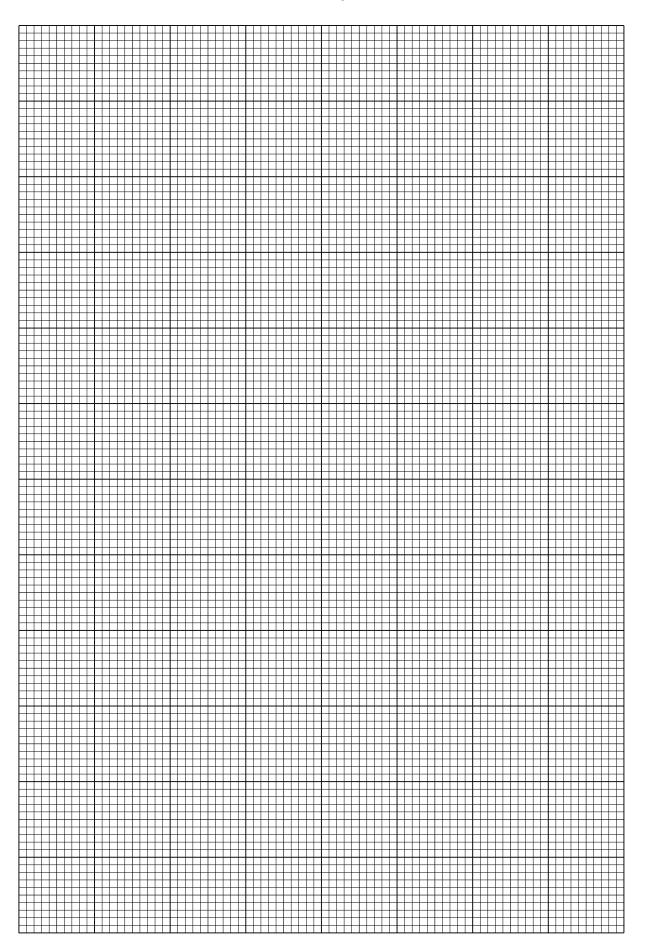
Adjust the position of the spring and string so that the length L is the same as in (b)(i) and the string is horizontal.

Repeat (b)(ii) and (b)(iii).

h =	

$$\theta$$
 = .....°

(d)	(i)	Copy your value of $L$ from <b>(b)(i)</b> . $L = \dots$		
	(ii)	Change $m$ and repeat <b>(b)(ii)</b> and <b>(b)(iii)</b> until you have six sets of and $\theta$ .	of values of <i>m</i> , <i>h</i>	
		For each value of $m$ , adjust the position of the spring and string same as in <b>(d)(i)</b> and the spring is horizontal.	so that $L$ is the	
		Include your values from (b) and (c).		
		Also include values of $\frac{h}{\cos \theta}$ in your table.		
			_	
		h	[10]	
(e)		Plot a graph of $\frac{h}{\cos \theta}$ on the <i>y</i> -axis against <i>m</i> on the <i>x</i> -axis.	[3]	
	(ii)	Draw the straight line of best fit.	[1]	
	(iii)	Determine the gradient and <i>y</i> -intercept of this line.		
		gradient =		
		<i>y</i> -intercept =	[2]	



(f)	The quantities h	A and mara	rolated by	the equation
(1)	THE quantities H	, <i>o</i> anu <i>m</i> are	related by	y ine equation

$$\frac{h}{\cos\,\theta} = Am + B$$

where A and B are constants.

Using your answers in **(e)(iii)**, determine the values of *A* and *B*. Give appropriate units.

<i>A</i> =		
<i>B</i> =		
	141	

# You may not need to use all of the materials provided.

- 2 In this experiment, you will investigate the motion of a loaded wooden rod.
  - (a) (i) Set up the apparatus as shown in Fig. 2.1.

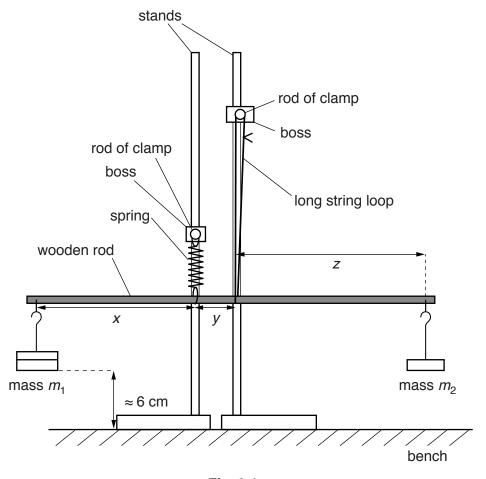


Fig. 2.1

Support the wooden rod by passing it through the loop of the spring and the long string loop.

Mass  $m_1$  should be 200 g and mass  $m_2$  should be 100 g.

The bottom of mass  $m_1$  should be approximately 6 cm above the bench.

(ii) Adjust the apparatus until the wooden rod is balanced and horizontal. The spring and long string loop should be vertical.

(iii)	Measure and record the distances x, y and z	as shown in Fig. 2.1, where	
	$x$ is the distance between the loop above $m_1$ $y$ is the distance between the spring loop and	and the spring loop,	
	z is the distance between the long string loop		
	,	x =	
	y	/=	
	Z	z =[2]	
(iv)	Estimate the percentage uncertainty in your v		
	porceptogo upoertointe	r — [1]	
<b>(b)</b> Cal	lculate $C$ where	/=[1]	
	$C = m_1(x+y)^2 + m_2 z^2$	2.	
	C	C=[1]	

(c) (i) Pull the left side of the wooden rod down by 5 cm.

Release the wooden rod and watch the movement.

The wooden rod will move up and down again, completing a cycle as shown in Fig. 2.2.

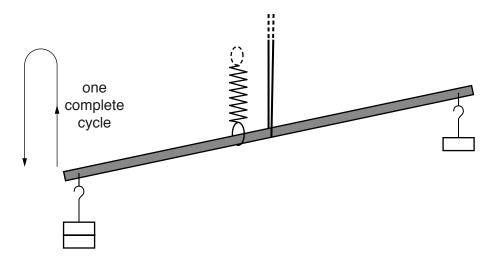


Fig. 2.2

(ii) The time taken for one complete cycle is T.

By timing several of these complete cycles, determine an accurate value for T.

T [6]	
$T = \dots [2]$	

(iii) Calculate  $T^2$ .

T<sup>2</sup> = .....

(iv) Justify the number of significant figures that you have given for your value of  $\mathcal{T}^2$ .

(d)	<b>Keeping distance</b> $y$ <b>constant</b> , change $m_2$ to 5 <b>(c)(ii)</b> and <b>(c)(iii)</b> .	50 g and repeat (a)(ii), (a)(iii), (b), (c)(i),	
		<i>x</i> =	
		<i>y</i> =	
		z =	
		<i>C</i> =	
		<i>G</i> =	
		<i>T</i> =	
		$T^2 = $ [3]	

(e)	It is	suggested that the relationship between $T$ and $C$ is	
		$T^2 = kC$	
	whe	ere k is a constant.	
	(i)	Using your data, calculate two values of <i>k</i> .	
		final value of t	
		first value of $k = \dots$	
		second value of $k = \dots$ [1]	
	(ii)	Explain whether your results in (e)(i) support the suggested relationship.	

i)	Describe four sources of uncertainty or limitations of the procedure for this experiment.
	1
	2
	3
	4
	[4]
ii)	Describe four improvements that could be made to this experiment. You may suggest the use of other apparatus or different procedures.
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