

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge Ordinary Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

5 9 7 0 8 2 5 9 2

MATHEMATICS (SYLLABUS D)

4024/12

Paper 1 May/June 2018

2 hours

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: Geometrical instruments

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown in the space below that question. Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

ELECTRONIC CALCULATORS MUST NOT BE USED IN THIS PAPER.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total of the marks for this paper is 80.



ELECTRONIC CALCULATORS MUST NOT BE USED IN THIS PAPER

1	(a)	Evaluate $\frac{4}{11} - \frac{2}{7}$.	
	(b)	$\label{eq:answer} Answer$ Evaluate 0.9×0.011 .	[1]
		Answer	[1]
2	(a)	Cecil bought a camera for \$120. After two years he sold it for \$90.	
		Calculate the percentage loss.	
	(b)	Answer Some money is shared between Miriam and Nina in the ratio 2:3	% [1]
	(6)	What percentage of the total money shared does Miriam receive?	,.
	()		% [1]
	(c)	Given that $a:b=5:6$ and $b:c=3:8$ find $a:b:c$.	
		Answer	[1]

					-				
3			0.05	-0.3	1.3	-1.2	0.2		
	(a)	Arrange the five i	numbers in	n order, star	ting with th	e smallest.			
				Answer	smallest	, ,	, , .	,	[1]
	(b)	For the five numb	ners find						

Answer[1]

(ii) the range.

(i) the mean,

Answer[1]

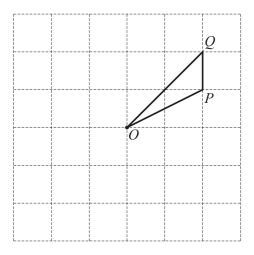
4 y is inversely proportional to the square of x.

Given that y = 10 when x = 3, find y when $x = \frac{1}{2}$.

Answer
$$y = \dots [2]$$

5	(a)	Factorise	$25t^2 - 4$.							
							Answer			[1]
	(b)	Factorise	$x^2 - 6x - 3$	3xy + 18y.						
							Answer			[2]
6	A re	ectangle has	s length 64 n	nm and widt	h 37 mm ea	ach correct t	o the near	est millimetr	re.	
	(a)	Write dow	vn the lower	bound for th	ne length.					
							Answer		m	m [1]
	(b)	Calculate	the lower bo	ound for the	perimeter o	of the rectan	igle.			
							Answer		m	m [1]

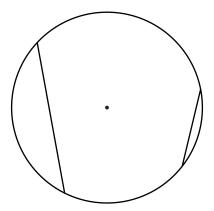
7 (a) Triangle OPQ is part of a figure that has rotational symmetry of order 2 about the point O.Complete the figure.



[1]

(b) The diagram shows a circle, its centre, and two chords.

Add **one** chord, to give a diagram that has one line of symmetry.



[1]

8 Solve
$$\frac{4}{x-11} = \frac{1}{3x}$$
.

Answer
$$x = \dots [2]$$

9	Exp	ress each of the following as a single fr	action in its simple	est form.	
	(a)	$\frac{2}{3a} + \frac{5}{2a}$			
	(b)	$\frac{5}{2b^2} \div \frac{15}{4b^3}$		Answer	[1]
				Answer	[2]
10	Ву у	writing each number correct to 2 signifi	cant figures, calcu	late an est	imate of
		<u>5</u>	$\frac{96 \times \sqrt{16.12}}{0.2984}.$		
				Answer	[2]

4	4	

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{3x + 2}$$

(a) Find f(-2).

Answer	[1]

(b) Find $f^{-1}(x)$.

Answer
$$f^{-1}(x) = \dots [2]$$

12 A dice is thrown 400 times.

The results are shown in the table.

Number thrown	1	2	3	4	5	6
Frequency	65	80	70	75	50	60

(a) Find the relative frequency of throwing the number 2.

Answer[1]

(b) Imran throws the dice 1000 times.

How many times would you expect the number 2 to be thrown?

Answer[1]

13 In a school of 270 children, the distance each child can swim was recorded. The distances are summarised in the table.

Distance (d metres)	$0 \leqslant d < 100$	100 ≤ <i>d</i> < 200	200 ≤ <i>d</i> < 500	500 ≤ <i>d</i> < 1000
Number of children	110	50	60	50
Frequency density				

	11	equency density						
	(a)	Complete the table t	to show the freque	ency densities.				[2]
	(b)	Calculate an estimat	te for the number	of children who co	ould swim n	nore th	an 400 metre	S.
					Answer			[1]
14	An	irregular polygon has	s 22 sides.					
	(a)	Calculate the sum o	f all its interior an	gles.				
					Answer			[2]
	(b)	Two of the angles in The remaining 20 and						
		Calculate the size of	f one of the 20 eq	ual angles				

Answer[2]

15	During two weeks, a shopkeeper records the number of packets of two different types of tea he sell
	and the profit he makes from them.

Week 1

- Type A tea, 30 packets sold, profit of \$1.20 on each packet
- Type B tea, 20 packets sold, profit of \$2 on each packet

Week 2

- Type A tea, 40 packets sold, loss of \$0.50 on each packet
- Type B tea, 30 packets sold, profit of \$3 on each packet

This information can be represented by these matrices.

$$(30 20) (40 30) \begin{pmatrix} 1.2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -0.5 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

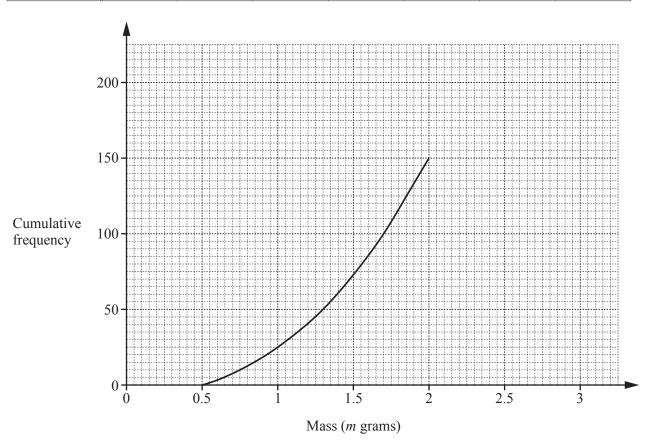
(a) Work out
$$(30 \ 20) \begin{pmatrix} 1.2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} - (40 \ 30) \begin{pmatrix} -0.5 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$
.

	A	Answer	[2]
(b)	Explain the meaning of your answer to part (a).		
			Г17

The masses of 200 beetles were measured.

The results are summarised in the cumulative frequency table and part of the cumulative frequency curve is drawn.

Mass (m grams)	<i>m</i> ≤ 0.5	<i>m</i> ≤ 1	<i>m</i> ≤ 1.5	<i>m</i> ≤ 2	<i>m</i> ≤ 2.25	<i>m</i> ≤ 2.5	<i>m</i> ≤ 3
Cumulative frequency	0	25	75	150	170	185	200



(a)	Complete the cumul	lative frequency c	urve

[1]

(b) Use the curve to find an estimate for

(i) the median,

.....g [1]

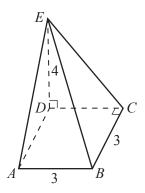
(ii) the lower quartile,

..... g [1]

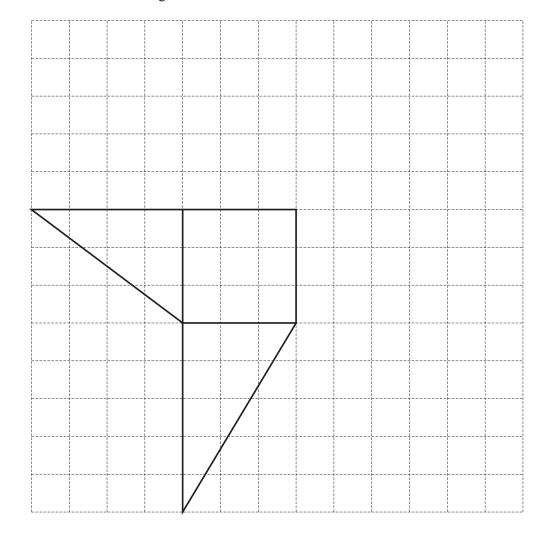
the number of beetles that have a mass greater than 1.85 grams. (iii)

.....[2]

17 The diagram shows a pyramid. The square base, ABCD, has an edge of 3 cm. The base is horizontal, and vertex E is vertically above D, where ED = 4 cm.



(a) On the grid below, complete the accurate drawing of a net of the pyramid. Do **not** draw outside the grid.

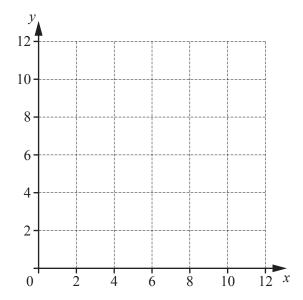


[2]

(b) Calculate the **total** surface area of the pyramid.

Answercm² [2]

18



The region R is defined by the inequalities

$$2 \le x \le 8$$

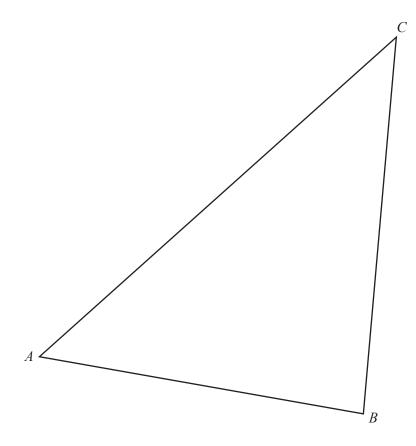
$$5 \leqslant y \leqslant 10$$

$$x + y \ge 10.$$

On the diagram, shade and label the region R.

[3]

19



(a)	On the diagram.	construct the perpendicular bisector of AB.	[1]
()	9 11 1111 1111191 111111	tonour district the perpendicular one total or ing.	[+]

(b) On the diagram, construct the locus of points inside triangle ABC, that are

(i) $7 \operatorname{cm} \operatorname{from} C$, [1]

(ii) equidistant from AB and AC. [1]

(c) P is any point which is

equidistant from A and B and more than 7 cm from C and nearer to AC than AB.

Find the extremes of the possible positions of P and label them P_1 and P_2 . [1]

20	$N = 2 \times 10^{8}$
40	$IV = Z \times IU$

- (a) Giving your answers in standard form, find the value of
 - (i) $N \times 700$,

Answer		[1]
11113 11 01	•••••	L+	J

(ii) $\frac{1}{N}$.

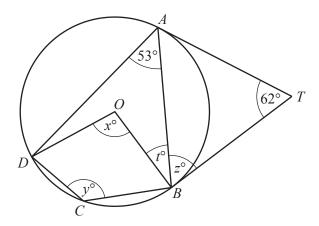
(b) Find the smallest positive integer M, given that MN is a cube number.

Answer
$$M = \dots [1]$$

21	The	first four terms, u_1 ,	u_2, u_3	$_3$ and ι	<i>t</i> ₄ , in	a seq	uence (of num	bers are gi	ven below.	
							2^2				
							32				
			u_3	=	3 ×	5 +	42	=	31		
							52				
	(a)	Evaluate u_5 .									
									Answer		[1]
	(b)	The <i>n</i> th term of the	e segu	ence,	u is	of the	e form	n(n +			[-]
	()	Write down the va							F) (* 1	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
				1			1				
									Answer	<i>p</i> =	
										<i>q</i> =	 [1]
	(c)	u_n can also be writ	ten in	the fo	rm A	$4n^2 +$	Bn + C	C.			
		Find the values of	A, B a	ınd C.							
									Answer	A =	

Answer	A =		
	B =		
	C =	[[2]

22



The diagram shows a circle, centre O, that passes through A, B, C and D. The tangents at A and B meet at T. $A\hat{T}B = 62^{\circ}$ and $D\hat{A}B = 53^{\circ}$.

(a) Find x.

Answer	x =	 Γ1	

(b) Find *y*.

Answer
$$y = \dots [1]$$

(c) Find z.

Answer
$$z = \dots [1]$$

(d) Find *t*.

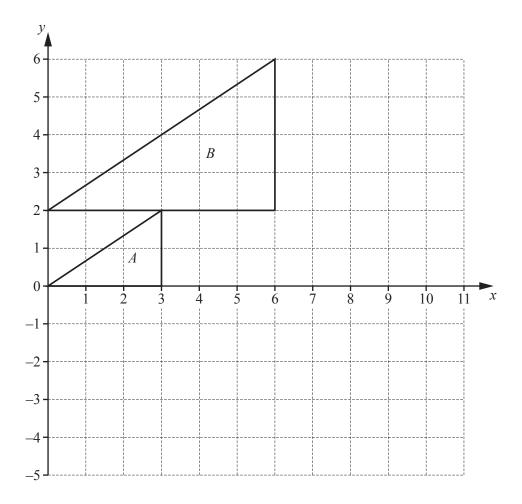
Answer
$$t = \dots [1]$$

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & -3 \\ 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

(a) Find the matrix X, such that 2A + X = B.

(b) Find the matrix **Y**, such that $\mathbf{AY} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$.

Answer [3]



Triangle A is mapped onto triangle B by a translation, **followed by** an enlargement with centre (10, -4). The translation maps triangle A onto triangle C. The enlargement maps triangle C onto triangle B.

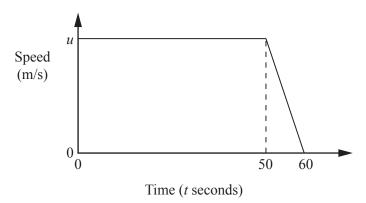
(a) Write down the scale factor of the enlargement.

		Answer	 [1]
(b)	Draw triangle <i>C</i> on the grid.		[2]

(c) Find the column vector that represents the translation that maps triangle A onto triangle C.

Question 25 is printed on the next page

25 The diagram is the speed–time graph for 60 seconds of a train's journey. At the beginning of this part of the journey the train is travelling at u m/s.



Giving each answer in its simplest form, find expressions in terms of u, for

(a) the deceleration for the last 10 seconds,

Answer	$$ m/s^2	[1]
--------	------------	-----

(b) the speed when t = 55,

Answer m/s [1]

(c) the distance travelled during these 60 seconds.

Answer m [2]

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