## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

## 4024 MATHEMATICS (SYLLABUS D)

4024/22 Paper 2, maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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Р	age 2	Mark Scheme GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2013		Syllabus	Paper		
		GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2013		013	4024	22	
Qu		Answers	Mark	Part Marks			
1	(a) 3760	)	3		a correct $\Delta$ such as $\frac{1}{2}$ (40 + 58)×38 o	2	
	<b>(b)</b> 42(.0)			<b>M1</b> for $(BC^2 = )$ 38 <sup>2</sup> + (58 – 40) <sup>2</sup>			
	(c) 54.1		2	<b>M1</b> for	$t \tan CDE = \frac{58}{42}$ of	5	
2	(a) (i) (ii)	2 2	B1 for or M1	$(0 \times 4) + 35 \times 1 + 2$ either $x = 3$ or $y = $ for $37 \times 1 + 2y + 3$ x + 37 + y + 5 = 50	$5 \times 5 = 62$ oe soi		
	(b) (i)		1	or for $x + 37 + y + 5 = 50$ soi <b>B2</b> if no or incorrect labels or One correct angle with an additional labe <b>B1</b> for one angle in tolerance or Two angles calculated.			
	(ii)	Correct pie chart labelled.	3				
3	(a) $-\frac{1}{8}$		2		1 or $-8$ or $\frac{-4 + \sqrt{(-4)^2 + (-4)^2}}{(-4)^2 - 2(-4)(-4)^2}$	$(3)^2$ -3)	
	<b>(b)</b> $6x^3$ -	$-3 \text{ or } 3(2x^3-1)$	2	M1 for	$x^{3}-2x+9x^{2}-3$	$-9x^2 + 2x$	
	(c) (i)	(9x-4)(x+1)	1				
	(ii)	$\frac{4}{9} - 1$	1				
	( <b>d</b> ) 27, 2	28, 29	2	<b>B1</b> for such as $n, n+1, n+2$ seen			
4	(a) 72 ju	ustified	2	<b>B1</b> for 72 or either $D$ or $E = 90$ <b>B1</b> + <b>B1</b> for two pairs of equal sides <b>SC1</b> After 0, accept all sides the same oe.			
	(b) (i)	Congruency established	3				
	(ii)	(a) Kite	1				
		<b>(b)</b> 90	1				

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5	(a)		4 8 10)	1			
		(II) { <sup>•</sup>	4, 8, 10}	1			
	(b) (	66		2		y + 13 + 11 = 90 for 52 soi	oe
	(c) (	(i)		1			
	(	(ii) (	$A' \cap (A \cup B)$ oe	1			
6	(a) (	(i) 8	99	1			
		<b>(ii)</b> 3.	3.5	2	<b>B1</b> for	figs $\frac{2400 - 1596}{2400}$	0e
		(iii) 9	00	2		$x + \frac{20}{100}x = 1080$	or
					<b>B1</b> for	120 seen	
	(b) 4	4.5		3	M2 for	$600 + \frac{3R}{100} \times 600$	= 681 or
						$600 \times \frac{R}{100} = (681$	
					A1 for		
					<b>B1</b> for	$\frac{600 \times (3)R}{100}$ soi	
7		(6)					
	(a)	7		2		2 correct entries or	r for
		(15)			$\left(10\right)$	$\begin{pmatrix} 4 \end{pmatrix}$	
					$\begin{pmatrix} -5\\15 \end{pmatrix}$	$\operatorname{pr} \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -12 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \operatorname{soi}$	
	<b>(</b> -)	(13)					
	(b)	$\begin{pmatrix} 13\\10 \end{pmatrix}$		2		one entry correct on 13 and 10 seen b	or ut not in this form.
	(c) (	(i) $\frac{1}{2}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ oe isw	2	<b>B1</b> for	$\det \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} = 4 s$	oi or $\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$
		(ii)	$\begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	2	<b>B1</b> for	three entries correc	et or $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ soi

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8	(a) 44.5		3	<b>M1</b> for numerical $\frac{\theta}{360} \times 2\pi \times 6$ oe and				
				M1 for <i>their</i> arc + 12 If second M not scored, A1 for 32.46 5.24 soi. SC1 after 0 for $2\pi 6$ seen (= 37.7)				
	<b>(b)</b> 97.4		2		t numerical $\frac{\theta}{360} \times \pi^{2}$ fter 0 for $\pi 6^{2}$ (= 113)			
	(c) (i) 11.4 3				M1 for $\frac{x}{6} = \cos 25 (= 5.44)$ oe and M1 for <i>their</i> 5.44 + 6. If the second M not scored, A1 for 5.44 SC1 after 0 for identifying a right-angled triangle that would lead to $x = 5.44$ .			
	(ii)	19.0	4	A1 for M1 for	$r \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 6 \times \sin 5$ 13.79 (correct trians $r 12 \times (c) (i) \text{ soi and}$ $r \frac{12 \times (c)(i) - A}{12 \times (c)(i)} \times 10^{-10}$	ngle only) d		
9	(a) Corr	rect plots and curve	2	P1 for	at least 5 correct pl	lots		
	<b>(b)</b> (-0.	.8)	2ft	M1 for	r the tangent drawn	at $x = 0.75$		
	(c) (i)	-b	1					
		Completed table	1					
		Correct curve	1					
		$-(0.8\pm0.2)$ cao	1					
		Correct straight line (0.3) (1.7)	1 1ft					
		(0.5) $(1.7)2x^2 - 4x + 1(=0) or equivalent threeterm expression.$	2ft	<b>M1</b> for $x + \frac{1}{4} = 4 - x$ oe				

Page 5		5	Mark Scheme			Syllabus	Paper
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10	(a)	(i)	11.9	4	M2 for M1 for A1 for M1 for	$\sqrt{8^{2} + 6^{2} - 2 \times 8 \times}$ $8^{2} + 6^{2} - 2 \times 8 \times 6$ $8^{2} + 6^{2} + 2 \times 8 \times 6$ 7.71 or $8^{2} + 6^{2} - 8 \times 6 \times c$	$5 \times \cos 115$ $5 \times \cos 115$ and
		(ii)	265° cao	2	M1 for A1 for M1 for A1 for	10.96 or $8^{2} + 6^{2} - 2 \times 8 \times 6$ 3.60 or $8^{2} - 6^{2} - 2 \times 8 \times 6$ 8.28 85, 95 seen or	
	(b)		$\frac{200\sin 65}{\sin 35}$ correctly obtained	2	M1 for M1 for	$\frac{200 - 115}{\sin 65} = \frac{200}{\sin RPQ}$ $180 - (44 + 36 + 6)$	
		(ii)	$\frac{200\sin 65\sin 36}{\sin 35\sin 44}$ correctly obtained	2	M1 for	$\frac{SR}{\sin 36} = \frac{PR}{\sin 44}$ c	0e
		(iii)	267	1			
		(iv)	2.34 ft or $\frac{200 + (b)(iii)}{200}$	1ft			

Page 6		Mark Scheme				Paper
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11	(a) -	$\frac{10p-29}{(p+2)(2p-3)}$ Final Answer	3		$\frac{(2p-3)-4(p+2)}{(p+2)(2p-3)}$ $14p-21-4p-8$	seen
	(b) (	(i) $\frac{320}{x}$ isw	1	<b>DI</b> 101	1 + p = 21 = 4p = 0	seen
	(	(ii) $2x^2 + 5x - 20 (= 0)$ correctly found	3		their $\frac{320}{x}$ - their - $\frac{320}{x}$	2
					their $\frac{320}{x}$ - their - $\frac{320}{x}$	-
				SC1 at	fter 0 for $\frac{320}{x+2\frac{1}{2}}$ so	een.
	(	(iii) 2.15 – 4.65	3		$\sqrt{5^2 - 4 \times 2 \times (-20)}$	
					$\frac{-5\pm\sqrt{their185}}{2\times2}  \text{s}$	
					or <b>B0</b> at this stage, a of $\frac{p \pm \sqrt{q}}{r}$	allow <b>M1</b> for both
	(	<b>iv</b> ) 69	2	M1 for	$\frac{320}{their + ve x + 2.5}$	oe

Pa	Page 7		Mark Scheme			Syllabus	Paper
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	1						
12	<b>(a)</b>	(i)	6.08	1			
		(ii)	$\begin{pmatrix} 2\\ -1.5 \end{pmatrix}$	2		$\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} \text{ or } \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ or }$ $r (\overrightarrow{EH} =) \overrightarrow{EA} + \overrightarrow{AH}$	e or
		(iii)	$\begin{pmatrix} 2\\ -1.5 \end{pmatrix}$	1			
		(iv)	Equal and parallel	1	Depen	dent on (ii) and (iii)	correct.
		(v)	Shows <i>G</i> is midpoint of <i>CD</i>	2		$ \begin{pmatrix} -3\\0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -2\\-4 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 6\\1 \\ \hline \end{pmatrix} \\ (\overrightarrow{CD} =) 2\overrightarrow{CG} = \begin{pmatrix} 1\\-3 \end{pmatrix} $	/
	(b)	(i)	Correct triangle (B)	2	enlarge	two vertices correc ement centre (1, 2) argement scale facto	or
		(ii)	Correct triangle ( <i>C</i> )	2	enlarge	two vertices correc ement centre (1, 2) argement scale fact	or
		(iii)	1:9 oe	1			