## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2010 question paper

## for the guidance of teachers

## 9702 PHYSICS

9702/32

Paper 32 (Advanced Practical Skills), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Page 2			Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper 32	
1	(b)	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2010 9702   ) Six sets of values for N and I scores 5 marks, five sets scores 4 marks, etc.   Incorrect trend –1.				
		App		s set up correctly without help from supervisor. Minor	help –1,	[2]
		Range – To include $N = 1$ or 2 and $N = 11$ or 12.				
		Column headings – Each column heading must contain a quantity and a unit where appropriate. Ignore units in the body of the table. There must be some distinguishing mark between the quantity and the unit (solidus is expected, but accept, for example, $I$ (A))				[1]
		Con	sister	ncy of presentation of raw readings of $I$ – alues of $I$ must be given to the same number of decimation	al places.	[1]
		Significant figures – S.f. for $1/I$ must be the same as, or one more than, the s.f. for $I$ . Check each row.				[1]
		Values of $1/I$ correct – Underline and check the specified value of $1/I$ . If incorrect, write in the correct value.				
	(c)		Scale both Scale Allow		at least half the ed. Ignore units.	[1] graph grid in
			Do no Ring	s – oservations must be plotted. Write a ringed total of plo ot accept blobs (points > half a small square). and check a suspect plot. Tick if correct. Re-plot if inc to an accuracy of half a small square.		[1]
		( )	Judg There lengt	of best fit – e by the balance of at least 5 trend plots about the car e must be an even distribution of points either side h. Indicate best line if candidate's line is not the best li must not be kinked or thicker than 1 mm.	e of the line alo	[1] ng the whole
			All pl	ity – e by scatter of all points about a straight line. ots in the table must be within 10 $\Omega$ of a straight line. ot award if wrong graph or wrong trend.		[1]

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	(iii)	The Both value Che y-int	dient – hypotenuse of the triangle must be at least half the ler n read-offs must be accurate to half a small square. If e. ck for $\Delta y/\Delta x$ (i.e. do not allow $\Delta x/\Delta y$ ). ercept – er from graph or by substitution of correct read-offs into ck for and label false origin.	F incorrect, write	
	Do	not c	lient value and $H$ = intercept value. redit if a substitution method is used. f values (–70 $\Omega \le H \le$ –30 $\Omega$ and 3.5 V $\le G \le$ 5.5 V) v	with appropriato	[1] units. [1]
		•	redit if a substitution method is used.		units. [1]
					[Total: 20]
2	(b) (i)		e of maximum force to 1 d.p. in raw data and greater t ence of repeated measurements of <i>F</i> in <b>(b)(i)</b> or <b>(d)</b> .	han 0 N.	[1] [1]
	(ii)	Rea	ches maximum force suddenly (short time); no notice g	given when relea	ises. [1]
	(iii)	0.1N	centage uncertainty in maximum force. $I \leq \Delta F \leq 0.4$ N. If repeated readings have been done the range. Correct ratio idea required (e.g. 0.2 / F × 10		[1] ainty could be
	(c) (i)	Mea	surement of raw t to the nearest 0.01 mm.		[1]
	(ii)	Take	e repeats in different places / (account for) zero errors.		[1]
	(iii)	Max	imum force with three slides. Unit required.		[1]
	С́Ме	asure	ement of thickness of one slide. ement of maximum force with one slide. $F_{(b)(i)} > F_{(d)} > F_{(c)(iii)}$		[1] [1] [1]
	<b>(e)</b> Cal	culati	on of two values of <i>k</i> .		[1]
			nclusion based on the calculated values of <i>k</i> . tes must test against a specified criterion.		[1]

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## (f)(i),(ii) Identify limitations and improvements

	Limitations (4)	Improvements (4)	Do not credit
A	Two readings are not enough (to support conclusion	Take more (sets of) readings <u>and</u> <u>plot a graph</u>	Repeat readings.
В	Maximum force reached without warning (if not already credited in <b>(b)(ii)</b> )	<b>B</b> <sub>s</sub> Practical method of recording maximum value e.g. video <u>with</u> playback in slow motion / max-min newton metre / force sensor <u>with</u> data logger / masses with pulley.	Parallax error. Solution for parallax error. 'Use of computer' to measure maximum force.
С	<i>t</i> changes due to compression force of magnets / slide thickness non uniform (if not already credited) / thread thickness adds to separation.	Method of attaching newton meter without thread / measure and add thread thickness.	
D	Zero error on newton meter when used horizontally.	Adjust zero / practical vertical arrangement.	Condition of newton meter.
E	Glass may affect magnetic force / effect of surrounding magnetic materials (e.g. G clamp).	Use a variety of materials to separate magnets and test if material affects results / use a non magnetic clamp / glue first magnet to bench.	Reference to Earth's field.
F	Friction with bench.	Method of reducing friction.	
G	Difficulties with alignment of force with magnets.	Method of raising magnets / longer loop.	
X	Difficult to measure force due to weak magnets / small force (if validated by SR)	More sensitive newton meter.	

[Total: 20]