

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International Advanced Level

MATHEMATICS

9709/73 October/November 2016

Paper 7 MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 50

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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Mark Scheme Notes

Marks are of the following three types:

- M Method mark, awarded for a valid method applied to the problem. Method marks are not lost for numerical errors, algebraic slips or errors in units. However, it is not usually sufficient for a candidate just to indicate an intention of using some method or just to quote a formula; the formula or idea must be applied to the specific problem in hand, e.g. by substituting the relevant quantities into the formula. Correct application of a formula without the formula being quoted obviously earns the M mark and in some cases an M mark can be implied from a correct answer.
- A Accuracy mark, awarded for a correct answer or intermediate step correctly obtained. Accuracy marks cannot be given unless the associated method mark is earned (or implied).
- B Mark for a correct result or statement independent of method marks.
- When a part of a question has two or more "method" steps, the M marks are generally
 independent unless the scheme specifically says otherwise; and similarly when there are several
 B marks allocated. The notation DM or DB (or dep*) is used to indicate that a particular M or B
 mark is dependent on an earlier M or B (asterisked) mark in the scheme. When two or more
 steps are run together by the candidate, the earlier marks are implied and full credit is given.
- The symbol ↓^{*} implies that the A or B mark indicated is allowed for work correctly following on from previously incorrect results. Otherwise, A or B marks are given for correct work only. A and B marks are not given for fortuitously "correct" answers or results obtained from incorrect working.
 - Note: B2 or A2 means that the candidate can earn 2 or 0. B2/1/0 means that the candidate can earn anything from 0 to 2.

The marks indicated in the scheme may not be subdivided. If there is genuine doubt whether a candidate has earned a mark, allow the candidate the benefit of the doubt. Unless otherwise indicated, marks once gained cannot subsequently be lost, e.g. wrong working following a correct form of answer is ignored.

- Wrong or missing units in an answer should not lead to the loss of a mark unless the scheme specifically indicates otherwise.
- For a numerical answer, allow the A or B mark if a value is obtained which is correct to 3 s.f., or which would be correct to 3 s.f. if rounded (1 d.p. in the case of an angle). As stated above, an A or B mark is not given if a correct numerical answer arises fortuitously from incorrect working. For Mechanics questions, allow A or B marks for correct answers which arise from taking *g* equal to 9.8 or 9.81 instead of 10.

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The following abbreviations may be used in a mark scheme or used on the scripts:

- AEF/OE Any Equivalent Form (of answer is equally acceptable) / Or Equivalent
- AG Answer Given on the question paper (so extra checking is needed to ensure that the detailed working leading to the result is valid)
- CAO Correct Answer Only (emphasising that no "follow through" from a previous error is allowed)
- CWO Correct Working Only often written by a 'fortuitous' answer
- ISW Ignore Subsequent Working
- SOI Seen or implied
- SR Special Ruling (detailing the mark to be given for a specific wrong solution, or a case where some standard marking practice is to be varied in the light of a particular circumstance)

Penalties

- MR –1 A penalty of MR –1 is deducted from A or B marks when the data of a question or part question are genuinely misread and the object and difficulty of the question remain unaltered. In this case all A and B marks then become "follow through ↓" " marks. MR is not applied when the candidate misreads his own figures – this is regarded as an error in accuracy. An MR –2 penalty may be applied in particular cases if agreed at the coordination meeting.
- PA –1 This is deducted from A or B marks in the case of premature approximation. The PA –1 penalty is usually discussed at the meeting.

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1	$e^{-3.5}(1+3.5+\frac{3.5^2}{2!})$ = 0.321 (3 sf)	M2		Allow M1 if extra term $e^{-3.5} \times \frac{3.5^3}{3!}$ or " 1 " or omit P(0)			
		A1	[3]	$1 - 1$ of onint $\Gamma(0)$			
2 (i)	59	B1	[1]				
(ii)	Any <i>x</i> such that $0.687 \le x \le 0.693$ (3 sf)	B1	[1]	or 0.69 or "	0.686 < 0.	693 rec "	
(iii)	Possible repeats	B1	[1]				
3	N(178,) Var = $3.2^2 + 4.1^2 + 3.8^2$ or 41.49	B1 B1		stated or implied or sd = 6.44 stated or implied need $\sqrt{15}$ but allow var / sd mix for "41.49" allow cc for method marks			
	$\frac{175-'178'}{\sqrt{41.49'} \div \sqrt{15}} (= `-1.804')$	M1					
	$\Phi(`-1.804') = 1 - \Phi(`1.804')$ = 0.0356 (3 sf)	M1 A1	[5]	independent consistent wi	prob		
4	$\frac{\frac{11.8-11}{1.6 \div \sqrt{n}} = 1.645}{\frac{11.8-11}{1.6 \div \sqrt{n}} = 1.96}$ n = 10.8 (allow 11) n = 15.4 (allow 15)	M1 B1 B1		M1 for $\frac{11.8-11}{1.6 \div \sqrt{n}}$ = any z allow var / sd mix for 1.6 but new B1 for each correct z		but need \sqrt{n}	
		A1		for both not for just 1	1 <i>≤ n ≤</i> 15 oe		
	Possible values are 11, 12, 13, 14, 15	A1	[5]	not for just 1	$1 \leq n \leq 13$ Oe		

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LI		1					
5 (i)	H ₀ : P(free gift) = 0.3 or $p = 0.3$ H ₁ : P(free gift) < 0.3 or $p < 0.3$	B1	[1]				
(ii)	$P(X \le 2) = 0.7^{20} + 20 \times 0.7^{19} \times 0.3 + {}^{20}C_2 \times 0.7^{18} \times 0.3^2 = 0.03548 \text{ or } 0.0355$	M1* A1		$P(X \le 2)$ attempted			
	P(X ≤ 3) = '0.03548' + ${}^{20}C_3 \times 0.7^{17} \times 0.3^3$ (= 0.107)	M1*		$P(X \leq 3)$ attempted			
	One comparison with 0.05 seen	M1*		or implied by fully correct met $P(X \le 2)$ and $P(X \le 3)$			
	P(Type I error) = 0.0355 (3 sf)	DA1 √ [≜]	[5]	dep on all 3 N	As		
(iii)	$P(X \le 3) = `0.107'$ `0.107' > 0.05 or $cv = 2$ and compare $3 > 2$	M1		Compare thei	$r P(X \leq 3) w$	ith 0.05	
	No evidence to reject claim oe	A1 √*	[2]	No evidence that 30% is not correct their 0.107			
6 (i)	est(μ) = 3.4 est(σ^2)= $\frac{100}{99}(\frac{1356}{100} - 3.4^{12})$ = 2.02(0202)	B1 M1 A1		1 / 99 (1356 - or 200/99	- 340²/100)		
	<i>z</i> = 1.96	B1					
	$3.4 \pm z \times \sqrt{\frac{2.020202'}{100}}$ = 3.12 to 3.68 (3 sf)	M1 A1	[6]	correct worki allow from u		sed variance	
(ii)	Mean should be 3	B1*		stated or implied			
	CI does not include 3 Machine probably not working properly	DB1√ [∧]	[2]	their CI or evidence that			
7 (i)	$1 - e^{-1} (1 + 1) \qquad (= 0.26424) 1 - e^{-1.5} (1 + 1.5 + \frac{1.5^2}{2!}) \ (= 0.19115)$	B1 B1		B1 for either B1 for either correct λ		ssion with	
	`0.26424' × `0.19115'	M1		product of the from Poisson need correct to incorrect λ vari	, form " 1 - "	, but allow	
	= 0.0505 (3 sf)	A1		accept 0.0504	ł		
			[4]				

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(ii)	$\lambda = 30$ N(30, 30)	B1 B1√		seen or implied, need $N(\lambda,\lambda)$			
	$\frac{35.5-30}{\sqrt{30}}$ (= 1.004)	M1		allow with w	or no $$		
	Φ ('1.004')	M1		consistent with their working			
	= 0.842 (3 sf)	A1	[5]				
8 (i)	$\sigma_X, \sigma_Z, \sigma_Y, \sigma_W$ or X, Z, Y, W	B2		B1 if two adjacent sds interchanged, σ_Z , σ_X , σ_Y , σ_W or σ_X , σ_Y , σ_Z , σ_W or σ_X , σ_Z , σ_W , σ_Y			
			[2]	B1 for correc	t order revers	ed	
(ii) (a)	Mean = 0 stated or found or " -0 " seen	B1					
	$\frac{1}{18}\int_{-3}^{3} x^{4} dx - 0$ = $\frac{1}{18} \left[\frac{x^{5}}{5} \right]_{-3}^{-3}$	M1		Attempt integ Allow withou		ore limits	
	$= \frac{1}{18} \left[\frac{3^5}{5} + \frac{3^5}{5} \right] \text{oe} \\ = 5.4$						
	sd = $\sqrt{5.4}$ or $\sqrt{\frac{1}{18} \left[\frac{3^5}{5} + \frac{3^5}{5}\right]}$ or 2.324 sd = 2.32 (3 sf) AG	A1	[3]	Must see \sqrt{co} or 2.324 or be	-	ion or 5.4	
(b)	$\frac{1}{18}\int_{2.324'}^{3}x^2\mathrm{d}x$	M1		Attempt to in	tegrate $f(x)$, i	gnore limits	
	$\frac{1}{18} \left[\frac{x^3}{3} \right]' \frac{3}{2.324'} = \frac{1}{18} \left[\frac{3^3}{3} - \frac{'2.324'^3}{3} \right]$	A1		Sub correct li	imits into cor	rect integral	
	= 0.268 (3 sf)	A1	[3]	Allow 0.269			
(c)	0	B1	[1]				